

The Hongkong Telegraph

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)

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January 27, 1916. Temperature 6 a.m. 59 2 p.m. 63
Humidity 85 76

January 27, 1915. Temperature 6 a.m. 64 2 p.m. 70
Humidity 96 64

WEATHER FORECAST
FINE
Barometer 30.11

3132 日三十月三十年卯乙

THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1916.

四拜禮 號七廿月正亥港 SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS
\$36 PER ANNUM

TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

THE SUPPLY OF COAL TO GREECE.

AN UNDERSTANDING REACHED WITH ENGLAND.

The Blockade: Some Misconceptions Removed.

HOUSE OF LORDS AND THE COMPULSION BILL.

[Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."]

THE "NORSEMAN."

LINER SAFELY BEACHED.

January 26, 12.45 p.m.
The Dominion liner Norseman has been beached. No lives were lost.

THE LUSITANIA AFFAIR.

GERMAN PROPOSAL REJECTED.

January 26, 1.20 p.m.
Reuter's Washington correspondent states that Mr. Lansing, with the approval of President Wilson, has rejected Germany's latest proposal for a settlement of the Lusitania affair, but negotiations are being continued as the proposal is partially satisfactory.

THE FORD EXPEDITION:

TO WAIT FOR PEACE.

January 26, 1.20 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Stockholm says the Working Committee of the Ford Expedition will remain there until the peace negotiations are officially begun.

THE COTTON INDUSTRY.

GREAT FUTURE POSSIBILITIES.

January 26, 2.30 p.m.
In an address to the Society of Arts, Mr. Hutton, the Chairman of the Cotton Growing Association, emphasised the enormous possibilities of India and the value of the assistance rendered to the Raj by the Association, by reporting on the new types of cotton. Dealing with the steps taken by the Association to meet the crisis at the outbreak of war, he paid a tribute to the patriotism of the banks in providing credits of half a million sterling to enable the Association to finance various crops. The Council's view was that the industry had received a set-back and would require careful nursing to enable it to resume its advance. Cotton and seed produced under the Association's auspices were now worth over a million sterling annually and the work was only beginning. Large districts in Africa were still untouched, and in Mesopotamia there were possibilities of growing sufficient cotton to keep half the spindles in the world employed.

THE COMPULSION BILL.

HOUSE OF LORDS DEBATE.

January 26, 12.45 p.m.
In the House of Lords, in moving the second reading of the Compulsion Bill, Lord Lansdowne urged that speedy victory was the greatest factor, both in industry and in finance. Lord Derby's unmarried men were coming in larger proportions, but he urged the Government not to be so lavish with exemptions. Lord Haldane supported the Bill on the principle that compulsion was inherent in the Constitution. The Archbishop of Canterbury likewise endorsed the Bill. Lord Curzon, in winding up the debate, said that he failed to see why what was recognised by the Constitution and law, and by Colonial example, should be abhorrent to the spirit of liberty.

TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

THE BLOCKADE.

ERRONEOUS FIGURES CORRECTED.

January 26, 12.45 p.m.
The Press Bureau, in its statement on the blockade, says the figures recently quoted by the Morning Post are incorrect, as they really apply to France, Italy and other countries besides neutrals. It says the imports into Holland and Scandinavia from all sources were 1,101,766 tons of wheat and flour in 1915, compared with 1,109,000 in 1913; maize, 1,789,000 compared with 1,194,600; and cotton, 310,451 tons, compared with 73,708. With reference to boots, the statement says the increase is largely due to the requirements of Italy and Russia, while the increase in bacon for Holland is entirely on behalf of the Belgian Relief Commission, and the Morning Post did not mention the bacon going to France and Italy, both of which have largely increased their imports.

MILITARY APPOINTMENT.

January 26, 3.30 p.m.
Brevet Colonel A. W. Forbes has been gazetted Embarkation Commandant, with the rank of Temporary Brigadier General.

BRITAIN AND GREECE.

COAL PROBLEM SETTLED.

January 26, 2.25 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Athens states that Anglo-Greek accord has been reached regarding the supply of coal for Greek industrial enterprises, Britain authorising the export of sufficient for these needs and also sufficient to the Admiralty for the needs of the Greek Fleet.

PUBLIC ECONOMY.

THE CLOSING OF MUSEUMS.

January 26, 12.45 p.m.
The Right Hon. Mr. E. S. Montagu estimates that fifty thousand sterling annually can be saved by closing the museums.

[In the event of telegrams arriving too late for insertion on this page they will be found on the Extra.]

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE RUSSIANS.

ENORMOUS CAPTURES IN THE CAUCASUS.

January 25, 4.30 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd says that the number of Ottoman effectives at Erzerum is 120,000. During the pursuit towards Erzerum the Russians captured fifty officers, four thousand men, scores of machine guns, and an enormous quantity of war material.

THE ADVANCE.

January 25, 4.30 p.m.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd the Russians are now three miles from Pinsk.

AVIATIONS IN THE BALKANS.

A RECORD RAID.

January 25, 4.30 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Athens reports that the air raid at Monastir and Ghevgheli is regarded as a record in the annals of aviation. A French biplane was compelled to descend owing to a broken wheel. The Greek authorities have issued orders to facilitate the return of the aviators.

KING AND QUEEN OF MONTENEGRO.

FOLLOWED BY AEROPLANES.

January 25, 5.40 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Rome says that throughout the flight of their Majesties the King and Queen of Montenegro from Podgorica to San Giovanni aeroplanes hovered above them, dropping bombs. There was also firing by machine guns. The torpedo-boat on which their Majesties travelled was also attacked by submarines, these being driven off by Italian warships.

SWEDEN'S ATTITUDE.

THE PREMIER'S DECLARATION.

January 25, 6.10 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Stockholm says that in the Chamber the Premier repeated with emphasis his previous declaration that they had to reckon with all contingencies where the maintenance of peace, despite all efforts, might not be possible for Sweden. Only Swedish points of view could be considered; their sympathies could decide nothing.

WAR TELEGRAMS.

THE ALLIES IN THE WEST.

GERMAN ADVANCE FRUSTRATED.

January 25, 5.25 p.m.
A Paris communique reports night-long artillery activity in Belgium, and confirms the report that the Germans attempted to advance at the mouth of the Yser, saying they were frustrated by our guns. The enemy suffered appreciable losses. The Germans resumed their Artois attack, in the region of Neuville, on a larger scale. There was a fresh series of mine explosions after a most violent bombardment on a front of 1,500 yards. The French guns drove back the advancing Germans who only got into two craters.

WITH THE BRITISH.

January 26, 12.15 a.m.
General Sir Douglas Haig reports successful bombardments at Ovillers, Laboisselle, Lebridoux, and Boesinghe, exploding a bomb-store in the enemy's lines. The German artillery has been active about Loos and Hooge. Air-craft of both sides has been active, though we maintained the supremacy.

MARKED ACTIVITY.

January 26, 1.15 a.m.
A Paris communique says that the Anglo-French artillery south-east of Boesinghe in Belgium, violently bombarded and seriously damaged enemy works. Two German aeroplanes this morning dropped fifteen bombs in the suburbs of Dunkirk, killing five and wounding three people. There has been a most lively cannonade in Artois, east of Neuville and in the Wailly region, where several of the enemy's batteries were silenced. We dispersed an important enemy convoy in the Craonne district. North of the Aisne a heavy German battery attempted to shell a bridge. Berry-au-bac was damaged by our heavy guns. A small enemy detachment in the sector of Mouilly, on the heights of the Meuse, attempted to approach our lines after a heavy bombardment. They were easily dispersed by the fire of our artillery. In the Vosges we effectively shelled the enemy positions at Muhlbach and Stossviller.

NANCY SHELLED.

January, 25, 6.50 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Paris reports that shells fired at Nancy wrecked a few houses. There German aeroplanes dropped a few bombs on the town and also messages warning the townspeople that there would be another bombardment on the Kaiser's birthday.

DISCOVERY ON DUTCH STEAMER.

COPPER AS HAMMERS.

January 25, 6.50 p.m.
The Foreign Office announces that fifteen cases of copper, labelled "Hammers," have been found on a Swedish steamer from America, and the parcel post on a Dutch steamer from South America contained four hundred revolvers.

NEW ZEALAND'S LOYALTY.

SIXTY THOUSAND MEN.

January 26, 3.55 p.m.
In the House of Commons Mr. Bonar Law said that by June New Zealand will have raised a force of sixty-thousand men.

ANOTHER LINER SUNK.

January 25, 8.20 p.m.
Telegrams from Liverpool say that the Dominion liner Norseman has been sunk. [The a.s. Norseman was built in 1897 and belonged to the British and North Atlantic Steam Navigation Co. Her gross tonnage was 9,545, her length 500 feet, breadth 62 feet.]

MILE END ELECTION RESULT.

January 25, 11.45 p.m.
The Mile End bye-election resulted as follows:—
Mr. Warwick Brookes (Coalition) . . . 1,991
Mr. Billing (Independent) . . . 1,615

Coalition majority . . . 376

WAR-TIME LEGISLATION.

January 26, 12.15 a.m.
In the House of Commons the Trading with the Enemy Bill was read a third time.
The House voted an addition of 50,000 men to the Navy.
January 26, 12.15 a.m.
In the House of Lords, the Military Services Bill was read a second time, and the Parliament Bill a third time.
(Continued on page 11.)

TELEGRAMS.

NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

CONDENSED.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has endorsed the Compulsion Bill. The Dominion liner Norseman has been beached. No lives were lost.

Anglo-Greek accord has been reached regarding the supply of coal for Greek industrial enterprises.

Lord Lansdowne has urged the Government not to be so lavish with exemptions under the Compulsion Bill.

Lord Haldane supports the Compulsion Bill on the principle that compulsion is inherent in the Constitution.

Brevet Colonel A. W. Forbes has been gazetted Embarkation Commandant with the rank of Temporary Brigadier General.

The Working Committee of the Ford Expedition will remain at Stockholm until the peace negotiations are officially begun.

The Right Hon. Mr. E. S. Montagu estimates that fifty thousand sterling annually can be saved by closing the museums.

Dr. Robert Horton, in a letter to the Times, appeals for funds to prevent the withdrawal of the London Missionary Society from Mizapur.

Britain is authorising the export of sufficient coal for Greek industrial needs and also sufficient to the Admiralty for the needs of the Greek Fleet.

In moving the second reading of the Compulsion Bill, Lord Lansdowne urged that speedy victory was the greatest factor, both in industry and finance.

Cotton and seed produced under the Cotton Growing Association's auspices is now worth over a million sterling annually, and the work is only beginning.

The Chairman of the Cotton Growing Association says that in Mesopotamia there are possibilities of growing sufficient cotton to keep half the spindles in the world employed.

The Press Bureau, in its statement on the blockade, says the figures recently quoted by the Morning Post are incorrect, as they really apply to France, Italy and other countries besides neutrals.

Speaking on the Compulsion Bill, Lord Curzon said he failed to see why what was recognised by the Constitution and law, and by Colonial example, should be abhorrent to the spirit of liberty.

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Mr. Hutton, the Chairman of the Cotton Growing Association, emphasised the enormous possibilities of India and the value of the assistance rendered to the Raj by the Association, by reporting on the new types of cotton.

DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.

Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Bellies Public School.—Prime distribution by Lady May, at noon.
Saturday, January 29.
Ellis Kadcorie School.—Prime distribution by Hon. Mr. O. Severn, at 11 a.m.
St. Joseph's College.—Prime distribution by Bishop Parnham, at 3.00 p.m.

NOTICES.

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USED IN FLOOR.
NUMEROUS ROOF
IMPORTANT FOUNDATION.
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STOCK LIST, PAMPHLETS, AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.
Questions for description of Machinery or Engineering Plant on application to
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OREGON PINE LUMBER.

LARGE STOCK OF ALL SIZES ON HAND.

UNION WATERBOAT CO., LTD.

CONTRACTORS TO HIS MAJESTY'S NAVY.

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Write for Pamphlet and Full Particulars to
DODWELL & CO. LTD., Agents.

ASAHI BEER.



DAI NIPPON BREWERY CO.,

TOKYO, JAPAN.

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MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA.
Hongkong, June 11th, 1913.

NOTICE.

DRINK

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BRITISH PILSENER
BEER.

SOLE AGENTS:

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MACGREGOR
& Co.

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Electric Face Massage
A Speciality.

HOTELS

THE HONGKONG HOTEL AND GRILL ROOM.

Hongkong, July 14, 1914.

J. H. TAGGART, Manager.

PEAK HOTEL.

1,400 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL.

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FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL and TOURIST HOTEL.
Unrivalled for Comfort, Health and Convenience. Telephones in Every Room; prompt connection maintained by six lines to Central. Moderate Tariff and Excellent Cuisine. Roof Garden and Social Rooms. European Runner meets Steamers.
P. O. PEUSTER, Manager.

GRAND HOTEL.

A first-class and up-to-date Hotel, most central location, within the vicinity of all the principal Banks.
Noted for the best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and Cleanliness. Cuisine under European Supervision.
A first-class string Orchestra renders selections from 5.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.
Special monthly terms for residents and for shipping people.

For further particulars apply—

MANAGER.

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CENTRAL LOCATION.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND LIGHTING.

TELEPHONE ON EACH FLOOR.

HOTEL LAUNCH MEETS ALL STEAMERS.

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Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA"

J. WICKSELL, Manager.

THE CARLTON HOTEL.

PERFECT SANITATION.

High Class Accommodation for Families at Moderate Prices. Those desiring Economy combined with Comfort, Quiet and a Most Refined Home, Free from Household Annoyances, should inspect these Residential Quarters.

Luxuriously furnished Lounge, Drawing, Reading & Writing Rooms.

Under Personal Management of

O. E. OWEN, Proprietor.

ASTOR HOUSE.

From 1st January 1915, Board and Lodging from \$80.00 per month and upwards. Best Attention. Excellent Cuisine. Private Dining Rooms for Special Dinners.
Caterers for special tiffin and dinner parties at the Hotel, Clubs, or residences.

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THE PALACE HOTEL.

CORNER OF HAIKOW AND HAIPHONG ROADS, KOWLOON.

THIS HOTEL HAS BEEN RENOVATED AND IS

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PRIVATE AND RESIDENTIAL LOUNGE WITH

SALOON BILLIARD BAR.

PUBLIC BILLIARD BAR WITH FIRST CLASS TABLE.

ONLY FIRST CLASS WINES AND SPIRITS STOCKED.

F. E. HALL,

Proprietor.

CENTRAL CHAMBERS.

(PRIVATE HOTEL, RESIDENTIAL ONLY Opposite ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL.)

These Rooms have been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished throughout. They are specially recommended to Mercantile Officers, Tourists, Travellers and Local Residents, being most Centrally Situated, and also special Terms can be arranged with the Alexandra Cafe for full or partial Board. Single Rooms \$2.00 per Day or 40.00 per Month with attendance, Hot and Cold Water, Electric light, No Extras. Inspection cordially invited. Full particulars may be obtained either on the premises or at the Alexandra Cafe. Telephone 909.
Board and Residence from \$3.50 per day \$85.00 per month.

NEW MACAO HOTEL.

PRAYA GRANDE, MACAO.

The above Hotel was opened on August 1st, 1914, under new proprietorship and management. The Hotel now offers for Residents and Tourists, excellent accommodation. Large dining room facing the sea. It has been entirely renovated throughout and newly furnished, and is now up-to-date in every respect. Large and airy rooms, excellent sanitary arrangements, Hot and Cold Baths, electric light and fans. Private and Public Bar and Billiards. Terms Moderate. For further information apply to Tel. Add. "Phoenix." THE MANAGER.

Grand Hotel de l'Europe, Singapore.

BEST SITUATED HOTEL IN TOWN.

EVERY ROOM HAS A BATH-ROOM; DRESSING ROOM ATTACHED.

MOST UP TO DATE SANITARY ARRANGEMENTS.

Under English Management.

H. R. WARING, ACTING MANAGER.

NOTICES

WARD OFF THE COUGH WITH CRUICKSHANK'S COUGH BALSAM.

It soothes the inflamed lungs and bronchial tubes; cures the cough and gives strength against future attacks.

\$1.00 per bottle.

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JUNGNER ELECTRIC ACCUMULATOR.

Strong, solid and compact. Iron and Nickel Electrodes with caustic potash in strong iron box. Minimum use of materials. May be charged a thousand times without lowering its efficiency; may be charged and discharged in minimum time and to its full extent without injury. May be kept unloaded for any length of time and is absolutely safe from self-discharging when left even a longer time loaded and out of use. Salt water has no injurious effect on the accumulator.

An ideal accumulator for any kind of lighting or ignition device.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF ACCUMULATORS AND CELLS HAS JUST ARRIVED.

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A. B. THE SWEDISH TRADING CO., LTD.

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THE "TIMES" RED CROSS STORY BOOK, by Novelist serving in H. M. Forces	1.20	THE SHARK WINTER ANNUAL — MY YEAR OF THE WAR, by Frederick Palmer	2.50
"ACCUSE BY A GERMAN" — This is the most powerful indictment of Germany. Cheap edition	1.75	THE EVOLUTION OF PRUSSIA, Marriott and Robertson	4.50
MURDER OF A NATION	1.10	THE MARTYRDOM OF NURSE CAVELL	.50
JAPAN: THE NEW WORLD POWER, by R. B. Porter	5.25	LETTERS FROM A FIELD HOSPITAL, by Mabel Desmerr	2.25
THE DARDANELLES: COLOUR SKETCHES IN GALLI POLI	13.50	ESSAYS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS: A first guide toward the Study of the War	4.50
WITH MY REGIMENT FROM THE ASINE TO LA BASSEE	3.10	THE WAY OF MARTHA AND THE WAY OF MARY, by Stephen Graham	5.50
THE CRIMES OF ENGLAND, by G. E. Chesterton	.80	THE HILLTOP ON THE MARNE, by M. Aldrich	4.50
"DAILY TELEGRAPH" WAR MAP No. 18, WESTERN BALKANS	.80	TELEPHONAS I PLAY IT, by Maurice E. McLoughlin	9.00
AEROPLANES AND AIRSHIPS by W. E. Dommett	.80	RURAL SANITATION IN THE TROPICS, by Malcolm Watson, M.D.	9.50
SONGS WITH MUSIC FROM A CHILD'S GARDEN OF VERSES by R. L. Stevenson	2.00	THE PRINCIPLES OF COMMERCE, by James Stephenson	4.50
THE BRITISH MANUAL OF PHYSICAL TRAINING by Lieut. G. F. Upton	1.75	AN ENGLISHMAN IN THE RUSSIAN RANKS, by John Morse	1.75
WITH THE GRAND FLEET, by L. Cape Comford	.40	WHY OF THE DARDANELLES, by Capt. Granville Fortescue	.50
SOME "FRIGHTFUL" WAR PICTURES, by W. Heath Robinson	2.25	"POPS" WAR CARTOONS FROM "THE EVENING NEWS"	.50
MEMORIES by the Right Hon. Lord Redcliffe	26.00	NEW NOVELS: BOSSAMER, by George A. Birmingham	1.75
THE RUSSIAN CAMPAIGN AND THE EVACUATION OF WARSAW, by S. Washburn	6.50	THE REAR GUARD, by Sidney C. Gray	1.75
THE SMALL FAMILY COOK BOOK, by Mary Frestlow	3.10	BIRDS' FOUNTAIN, by Baroness von Habsburg	1.75
		WITH OUR ARMY IN FLANDERS, by G. Valentine Williams	10.50

BELLE VIEW.

Shaokwan Road, Telephone No 907.

Meals a la Carte.

BOWLING ALLEY NOW OPEN.

W. GALLAGHER, Manager.

Hongkong, 14th January, 1916.

OUR CONTEMPORARIES.

South China Morning Post.

Yuan's Coronation Postponed.
Some four months ago when the question of reverting to a monarchical form of Government, with President Yuan Shih-kai as its head, was first mooted in Peking, we suggested, while not opposing the change, that the authorities should proceed slowly and with the greatest caution. We then had a fear that the enemies of the President, at home and abroad, would seize the opportunity of any temporary disorganization to create trouble. The Entente Powers subsequently took up the same attitude and the most friendly advice was tendered to the effect that the time was inappropriate. Japan even went so far as to express her open disapproval of the movement. Nevertheless, the promoters of the monarchy, disregarding the soundest of counsels, pushed ahead with their scheme with the inevitable result, a sudden revival of rebel activity abroad, and open rebellion in Yunnan with something akin thereto in Inner Mongolia.

Daily Press.

The Petition of 1894.

It is always a poor case which cannot afford to grant a hearing to the other side. Consequently, we have no hesitation in giving publicity in our columns to the extracts from Sessional Paper No. 28 of 1896, with which the Colonial Secretary has favoured us, relating to the demand made by the residents of Hongkong in 1894 for a more representative form of Government. Apart from our readiness at all times to give both sides of any question impartially in our news columns, we feel, in the present instance, that it is an advantage to acquaint the present-day residents of the Colony with the nature of the opposition which they may expect to encounter in seeking a larger share in the conduct of public affairs. It will be noticed that the petition which was presented to the House of Commons in 1894 did not differ very materially from that which is being signed now. While it did not ask for any representation on the Executive Council—no doubt because this was regarded as too daring an innovation to suggest in those days—it sought an elected unofficial majority on the Legislative Council, perfect freedom of debate for the elected members with power to vote according to their conscientious convictions, complete control in the Council over local expenditure, and the management of local affairs.

China Mail.

The Petition.

The very interesting dispatch we reproduced last night, written nearly twenty-two years ago by the late Lord Ripon, in the capacity of Secretary of State for the Colonies, in answer to a petition from the residents of the Colony asking for certain constitutional changes to be made in the government of the Colony, will have been read no doubt with a good deal of interest for we have set forth in it the considerations which will have much weight with the Colonial Secretary of to-day in considering the Petition which is now being signed in the Colony. We are asking to-day, as the community asked twenty-two years ago, for "the free election" of the representatives on the Legislative Council, and we are asking to be granted a majority of such elected representatives. It thus follows that we are asking again for "complete control in the Council over local expenditure, and also for the management of local affairs."

For a good solid meal a la Carte or Table d'Hôte with Wines & Liquors of the Best
ALEXANDRA CAFE

GENERAL NEWS.

Japan's Pulp Factories.

Paper-mills in Japan are working at high pressure and are being extended at various suitable centres. A new branch mill for the Mitsui Bishi Kaisha is being erected at Tokyo and two others at Osaka, while several more pulp factories are being established in Hokkaido, where wood is plentiful.

Big Whaling Catches off Korea.

According to a report the Oriental Whaling Company caught eleven whales worth Y6,900 off the coast of Chusan, Korea, between December 7 and 12. The total number of whales caught since the beginning of October last is 18. These figures show an increase of eighteen head, as against the returns for the corresponding period of the preceding year.

Latin Not Wanted.

At the annual meeting of the Court of Governors of Sheffield University recently it was agreed, in view of the great demand for medical practitioners, to give effect at once to a resolution that a knowledge of Latin should be no longer required as a condition of admission to the medical faculty. A new ordinance was agreed to giving the Senate power to waive the examination for the Bachelor's degree in any faculty other than that of medicine in the case of any student whose studies had been interrupted by war service.

The Chefoo-Weinstein Line.

The *Peking Daily News* is informed that the Chinese Government has granted the request submitted by the Chamber of Commerce in Chefoo for the joint construction of the line connecting Chefoo and Weihai by the Government and merchants. This line will be semi-official in nature, and its total cost has been estimated at \$10,000,000. It has been decided that \$1,000,000 of the sum will be borne by Chefoo and another \$1,000,000 by the six business along the proposed line, \$2,000,000 by the province of Shandong, and the remainder will be financed by other provinces and Central Government.

Irish Rose Wins Big Prize.

To an Irish rose, newly created, has gone the Panama Exhibition's \$200 prize for the best rose entered in the international rose contest of the exposition. The successful rose was created by Messrs. Dickson and Son of Belfast, one of the best-known floriculture firms in Great Britain. The rose is described as being a rich yellow, extremely full and with a long bud. It was in competition with several hundred other roses entered by rose specialists from all parts of the world. One of the stipulations of the contest was that the successful rose should be named in honour of the Exhibition. All roses entered were new creations never before placed on the market.

X-Ray Photographs Without Radium.

Mexico City, December 10.—Dr. Manuel Perez Amador, director of the Government Institute for Biological Research, has announced the discovery of a method for taking X-ray photographs without the use of radium, Crookes tubes or expensive apparatus of any kind. Employing an ordinary plate-holder of a camera, Dr. Amador placed the body of a lizard on the outer surface of the opaque slide, under which was a photographic plate. A short distance above the opaque slide he suspended an ordinary tin shade with an electric lamp, to the inner surface of which crystals of highly purified white sulphur had been made to adhere. The resultant radio-active rays penetrated the body of the lizard and the opaque slide and impressed a perfect image of the skeleton and internal organs of the reptile on the plate inside the holder. A large number of scientists witnessed the demonstration.

If you have lost your appetite or one of the big variety of "Stimulant" at the ALEXANDER & CO. is sure to tempt

NOTICES.

MOUTRIE PIANOS

SOUND INVESTMENT

ARE A
FORTY YEARS EXPERIENCE
EMBODIED IN THE MANUFACTURE
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Backed by Guarantee

FIVE YEARS.

CASH OR EASY TERMS.

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GENERAL NEWS.

Chinese Journalist Assassinated.

Mr. Huang Huan-yung, a well-known Chinese journalist, who declined to accept the editorship of the *Asiatic Daily News*, in Shanghai, and went to America soon after the appearance of Chou An Hui, has been assassinated by rebels in San Francisco in the belief that he was still associated with the monarchical paper.

Sir T. T. Bucknill's Will.

Sir Thomas Townsend Bucknill, P.C., a Judge of the High Court from 1890 to 1914, of Woodcote Lodge, Epsom, Surrey, Recorder of Exeter, 1885-1899, M.P. (Conservative) for Mid-Surrey, 1892-1899; who died on October 4, aged 70, has left an estate of the value of \$35,890, the net personalty amounting to \$25,926. The testator gives the silver-gilt casket and contents, presented to him on his receiving the freedom of Exeter on his appointment as a Judge, and the two silver cups won by his horse Longneck in the Pegasus Club, to his son Alfred Townsend to be treated as heirlooms in the family, and after making provision for pecuniary legacies to members of his family, servants, and others, leaves everything else in trust for his wife for life, and then for his two sons.

Nanyuan Aviation School.

The Nanyuan Aviation School, which is situated within the environs of the Capital, has notified the Ministry of Navy that an entrance examination will be held early this year for new recruits to be trained for the Flying Corps, says the *Peking Gazette*. It is understood that one hundred new students will be admitted to the school. In spite of the rapid progress made by the school, it is still unable to supply the different provinces with sufficient aviators thoroughly trained for military service. Upon the request of the Szechuan Authorities, over ten students who have finished the school's course have been sent to that province. The school authorities are alive to the necessity of training more men to meet demand. Some forty midshipmen drafted from the Navy will be sent to the training school by order of the Ministry of Navy.

About Anaesthetics.

Dr. J. de Fenton, in the *South African Journal of Science* says that various anesthetizing media and methods were well known both in antiquity and during the Middle Ages. Homer mentions the anesthetizing effects of nepenthe; Herodotus states that the Scythians obtained similar effects from the vapours of hemp, produced by throwing hemp seed on hot stones. A Chinese physician of the third century B. C. gave his patients a preparation of hemp to make them insensible during surgical operations. The most important anesthetic of ancient and medieval times was however, wine of mandragora, the use of which is mentioned by a great number of early writers, and is referred to by Shakespeare. More recently, in the year 1760, the German surgeon Weiss, better known as Albinus, amputated the foot of Augustus III, King of Poland, while under the influence of mandragora.

A YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

LEADING EVENTS IN THE GREAT WAR.

(Extracts from the war news contained in the "Hongkong Telegraph" of January 27, 1915.)

Recent U.S. Note Criticized. In the Senate, ex-minister Elihu Root, opposing the Ship Purchase Bill, after reading the instructions to German naval commanders at the outbreak of war, said it was plain that no great Power would permit enemy citizens to rob it by the transfer to a neutral flag of ships it was entitled to capture on the high seas. Mr. Root also denounced the recent Note to Great Britain as having been inspired by political motives.

Armed Merchantman Sunk. The British armed merchantman Ventnor has been lost, either on account of bad weather or by contact with a mine, off the north coast of Ireland. All on board have been drowned and a quantity of wreckage has been found. The ss. Ventnor was formerly known as the Viking.

Uneventful Fighting. A certain amount of activity is being shown by the Austrians on the passes of the East Carpathians, but otherwise there are no important events to record. The Germans took one of the Russian advanced trenches, with machine gun, and also destroyed a German armoured motor.

Chiyo Maru's Purser Married.

Mr. William A. Chapman, purser on the Chiyo Maru, combined an automobile trip with a wedding recently when he married Mrs. Baby V. Parent of Oakland. The ceremony took place at the Redwood City home of Associate Justice E. W. Henshaw of the Supreme Court, following a ride down the peninsula in the Justice's limousine.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

Eastern Extension Australasia & China Telegraph Co.

Calcutta, New York.

Cunninghams American Consulate, Bombay.

Davis Edgar B. Hongkong Hotel, New York.

Dominicos Roda, Manila.

Gheechong, Penang.

Gheechiong, Padang.

Hangkie, Batavia.

Hoalamong, Penang.

Hopseonhust Yongthekunay, Bangkok.

Juan Singsie, Singapore.

Keechong, Sydney.

Mann Eastern Extension, Singapore.

Moklin 33 Third floor Saiyapoon Swoe St., Singapore.

J. M. BECK, Superintendent.

Hongkong, 20th January, 1916.

Great Northern Telegraph Company, Ltd.

Yitab, Shanghai.

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Hongkong, 21st January, 1916.

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LOST.

NOTICE. Strayed from 4, Humphreys Avenue, Kowloon. White and tan pekinese terrier pup. Finder, please return to above address.

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WANTED.—Typewriter. Manuscript of every kind accurately and neatly typed at short notice by Englishman. Terms 30 cents per folio. Commercial correspondence in English for Chinese business gentlemen a speciality. Write "Despatch," "Hongkong Telegraph."

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EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

Imperial Bouquet	per 100	\$5.00
Extra Fine (Grand Format)	100	4.40
Crown Prince	100	4.40
Nectar (Gold Tipped)	100	4.40
Yildiz	25	1.00
Club Size	10	.35
Non Plus Ultra	100	3.30
"	50	1.70
Superfine	100	2.00
Fine	100	2.00

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(FLOWER ST.)

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N. LAZARUS,

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WAR AND HEADACHES.

Have you noticed that your eyes are much more tired and that you have headaches since the war started?

Everyone is reading two or three times as many papers as usual. Their additional reading causes eyestrain in eyes which had been previously capable of doing all the work they were asked to do. If your eyes were perfect, or if you had correctly fitted glasses, you could read all day without tiring your eyes.

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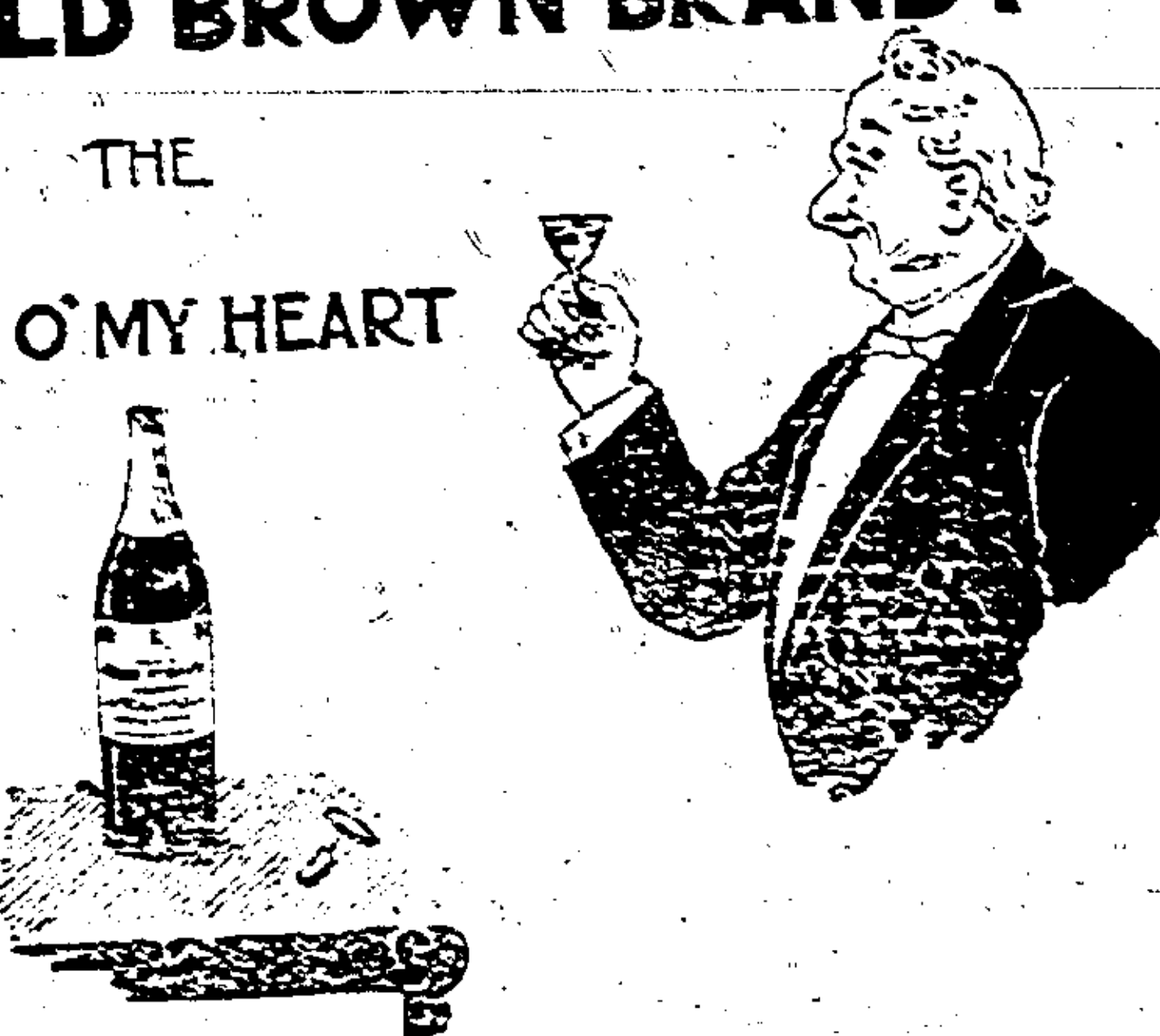
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The object of this paper is to publish correct information, serve to the truth and print the news without fear or favour.

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MARRIAGE.
COURSE-SUTHERLAND.—On the 27th inst. at St. John's Cathedral, by the Rev. Copley Moyle, Arthur Course to Isabel Margaret Sutherland, both of this Colony.

DEATH.
SIMPSON.—At Dundee, on the 26th Jan., suddenly, David Simpson, father of A.M. Simpson, of Kowloon Dock.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1916.

MR LLOYD GEORGE'S PROMISE.

If Mr. Lloyd George is correctly reported in the interview quoted by Reuter in yesterday's wire, he has committed himself to what may be regarded as a very definite promise to the Empire. Germany, he is represented as saying, "will very shortly feel England's whole weight in the war. We have now one of the greatest armies in the world, and it will shortly be the best equipped." The Minister of Munitions further stated that the war has produced a "new industrial Britain" and that the valuable automatic machinery erected would enormously affect our industries. "At the end of the war, far from being impoverished, the country will be richer in everything that constitutes real wealth." Now, to be fair to Mr. Lloyd George, since war broke out he has refrained steadily from committing himself to the airy and vague promises and forecasts so dear to the heart of the political party under which he served his apprenticeship; and this fact should be allowed to weigh with readers of all shades of political belief. Nor, it should be added, has it ever been his way to be Kaiser-like in his denunciations of the adversary, or to launch crushing threats that have nothing but wind behind them. In view of all this we are justified, surely, in attaching decidedly real importance to his statements, whether as to Germany's shortly feeling our full weight or with regard to the glorious industrial future that lies before our Homeland.

We do not deny that the statements here and there may tempt one to cavil—perhaps because even Mr. Lloyd George persists in the inevitable "shortly," a word behind which the Premier has so many times sought to shelter himself since war began, and which has so often been proved to cover very little that was substantial. But we must hope for the best. After all, unless we Britishers have hitherto been the most hoodwinked souls alive, it is high time that there should be something in the Government's promises. Whatever it has asked the people for, it has had; and, while the British are a race that would cheerfully go on giving, it is but just that they should now and again be permitted to peer through the curtain and see what the future has laid up for them.

We should be worse than pessimistic—we should be poor-spirited—if we saw no matter for rejoicing and hope in Mr. Lloyd George's utterances, both on the war and also on the question of our industrial future. Probably no Britisher—not even the worst of the wet blankets—has ever really doubted his country's power, in co-operation with her Allies, to win this war; but there have been times when the end looked as far off as ever. Moreover, many of those who were the most hopeful where the military side of affairs was concerned were disposed to take a severely gloomy view of the economic outlook after the re-establishment of peace. To those, Mr. Lloyd George's statement that we shall be richer than ever, must bring comfort of a sort, even though they may be less than half convinced. It is easy to be led astray by history and precedent. Because, after every big war hitherto, there has always been a season, long or short as the case might be, of financial depression, we have not unnaturally cultivated the habit of looking forward to poverty and debt and general financial crippledness after this present war is ended. That, doubtless, is because we have lost sight of the considerations whereof Mr. Lloyd George now reminds us: that much of the money which the nation has been called upon to spend has not taken the form of shot and shell but has been well invested in apparatus that is going to be of service in re-establishing Britain's commercial prosperity. Mr. Lloyd George does not tell us how he proposes to deal with the unemployment that must of necessity supervene; but there is no use in anticipating troubles. If we have the stuff in us to defeat Germany, we ought also to be men enough to handle the economic situation that follows. Let us first win the war.

"Unhappy" Valley.

It is a truth which may be tested by experience that those who go to Happy Valley on Saturday afternoons at the present time do so with a good deal of risk to their personal safety. And the danger emanates from those who really ought to know better. Of course it will be said that it is all the result of an unfortunate clash of events, but that remark would apply to every Saturday whilst the football season is in progress. Take last Saturday as an example. There was a large crowd of football followers standing around watching a game that was to decide which of the teams engaged should play in the next round of the Hongkong Football Shield, when, all of a sudden, a gentleman was surprised to hear the third of a golf ball dropping at his feet. He was by no means the only person there and it was just a matter of pure luck that somebody did not have a nasty blow from the ball—a happening that all will agree is liable to cause grievous harm. This was not the only instance. Another person was calmly walking from the Club ground to the Naval ground and was startled by a ball whizzing past his head a very short distance away—not more than eighteen inches. There was no warning call of "Fore," and the golfer who had seen fit to drive the ball in such a reckless manner took no notice of the matter, just as though it were the proper thing to do. During the afternoon there were still further instances of this sort of thing and one began to wonder whether it were safe to be in the vicinity of the ground at all. This has been a long-standing grievance, but surely it is time that something was done to meet it.

More Care Needed.

Everyone recognises that the problem of solving this state of affairs is not easy. The members of the Golf Club rightly desire to play their favourite game on the one afternoon that business men can get free, and it is also inevitable that the football games should be played off on this day. The ground has been laid out with a view to allowing as much as possible to use it at the same time, but as it is the one dearest piece of ground we have in the Colony it is perhaps only natural that on half holidays it should be pretty well crowded. There are certainly more "going the rounds" with their golf clubs; in fact, they follow each other in quite risky proximity. As far as one can see, there is only one way out of the difficulty, and that is for golfers to exercise more care when playing under such conditions as have been mentioned. On some of the holes the "fairway" goes quite wide of where the footballers congregate, but in other instances it is dangerously near. Could not players agree to divert their approach to the green in these latter cases, even if it meant the temporary raising of "Breyer's" figure. Anything would be better than a bad accident; and there is every possibility of that happening if the present "abandon" exhibited by golf players is continued much longer.

Kowloon's Electric Light.

Complaints regarding the electric light in Kowloon—or, rather, the lack of light—are freely expressed at the moment. It is becoming quite a common experience, from all we can hear, for the current to be suddenly and frequently cut off. On Tuesday night in particular, residents on the peninsula were subjected to very considerable annoyance by the irritating manner in which the lights in their residences intermittently popped on and off. The worst of it all is that this sort of thing almost invariably occurs just at about dinner-time—exactly the time when people desire to be plunged into total darkness. There may be some very simple reason for the state of affairs complained of, or there may not be. That is hardly the point. The sufferer is not so much concerned with the cause; he has very strong opinions on the effect, though. It is sufficient for him that he expects effective and regular lighting but fails to get it. Something is evidently wrong somewhere.

DAY BY DAY

A THOUSAND YEARS SCARCE
SERVE TO FORM A STATE;
AN HOUR MAY LAY IT IN THE
DUST.—Byron.

The Weather.
At the Peak 8 a.m. Temp. 53;
clear. (1915, 57 clear.)
Lower level 8 a.m. Temp. 61;
clear. (1915, 66 clear.)

The Mails.
Siberian Mail.—Due per a.s.
Kashmir to-day.
Siberian Mail.—Closed per a.s.
Sinking at 3 p.m. to-day.
English Mail.—Closes per a.s.
Kashmir at 2 p.m. to-morrow.

The Dollar.
The rate of the dollar on
demand to-day is 1/11 3/8.

To-morrow's Anniversary.
To-morrow is the 45th anniversary of the capitulation of Paris.

Prize Day.
To-morrow at noon, Lady May is presenting the prizes at the Bellicose Public School.

Departed.
Mrs. C. W. Boswick was among the passengers on the Home-going a.s. Suwa Maru to-day.

For the Front.
Mr. P. S. Dixon, solicitor, left to-day for Home by the a.s. Suwa Maru. We understand that Mr. Dixon intends proceeding to the Front.

The Mongolia.
The P. and O. outward mail steamer Mongolia, with the London Mail of January 13, arrived at Port Said on Monday evening, the 24th instant.

Police Reserve Photographs.
The photographs of the Hongkong Police Reserve, which were taken at the Central Station last Saturday, are now on view at Messrs. Kelly and Walsh's.

Opium Offender Fined.
A Chinese who was charged with the unlawful possession of nine tins of opium dross, was fined \$100, or, in default, one month's hard labour, by Mr. Hazeldan at the Police Court this morning.

Reported Theft.
It has been reported to the police, by a man living at 15, Gage Street, that between 10 and 12 o'clock on the night of the 26th inst. some person stole from his cash box jewellery to the value of \$641 and \$35 in money. The money has not been recovered and no arrest has been made.

Accidentally Drowned.
A Chinese child, who was playing on board the a.s. Ho Nam as the boat was lying alongside a wharf, fell into the water yesterday, and was drowned. A European officer, who was present at the time, tried artificial respiration, but without avail. The body has been taken to the mortuary.

Armed Burglary.
A farmer living at Ln Kong, a small village in the New Territories, has reported to the police, that, whilst he and several other persons were asleep in the house, four men, armed with four knives and an iron bar, broke open the door. Having tied his hands, they ransacked the house, stealing a quantity of jewellery, clothing and \$8 in Hongkong ten-cent pieces.

Dishonest Apprentice.
In Mr. Hazeldan's Court, this morning, a tailor's apprentice was charged with stealing from his master at 145, Shanghai Street, Yau-mai, a gold watch and several articles of clothing, valued \$17.30. Sargt. Wills prosecuted and stated that most of the articles had been recovered. The boy, who admitted the offence, was sent to prison for two months and ordered four hours' stocks.

Mascots for the H.K.P.R.
Yesterday Mr. Che Shun-tat, superintendent of the Tung Shing Hop (the recently formed leather tanning company) and Mr. M. K. Kong-sang, comrade to Messrs. Butterfield and Swire, presented to the Hongkong Police Reserve a remarkably handsome pair of great Danes, black and white spotted; two years old. We understand that the same gentlemen are very kindly providing the dogs with collars and other equipment.

NOTES ON THE CRISIS.

THE BLOCKADE.

Bomb and Artillery Activity.

To-day being the Kaiser's birthday, we gather that his disciples propose to spend it in bombing the town of Nancy. On his Imperial Majesty's last birthday the Allies were promised all sorts of terrors which never came about, and, judging from the general activity of French and British artillery and aircraft, it looks to us very much as if the enemy will need all his energies to-day for warding off the attacks of his opponents. The attempts on Nancy and on the Kent coast still further serve to show how desperately determined Germany is to do all the reckless and senseless damage possible before she capitulates, and this should be all the stronger incentive to the Allied Governments to cut short her mischievous career as speedily as possible. An enemy that is bent on real and final conquest commands a certain amount of respect from those on the other side; but an enemy that is already three parts beaten and trodden down, and whose sole remaining desire is to stab his conquerors in the back, deserves neither pity nor mercy—the more so when his insane plans are made without reference to the hardships of his own people. It is German blood, far more than British and French, that is flowing while all these marvellous operations of the Kaiser's are in progress; but that never seems to occur to himself and his friends.

That Blockade.

The announcement by the Foreign Office as to the discovery of more goods on neutral vessels destined for the enemy, and the description given by some neutral journalists of "a museum" of such goods, form a grimly amusing commentary on the Press Bureau's somewhat ragged defence of the effectiveness of the blockade. Now here is another wicked waste of words and time by the Press Bureau. The blockade is not effective, and it would be difficult to find anyone credulous enough to think that it is. Then why all this eager defence of it? It has, we know, been sufficiently forcible to make Germany exceedingly angry, to put her to a lot of inconvenience, and to condemn the rank and file of her people to short commons. But how much more might have been done had it not been for the over-readiness of some of the authorities at Home to be influenced by sheerly sentimental considerations? We want to see their war ended by the shortest means; and since good fortune has placed the control of the seas more or less completely in British hands why not make the fullest use of our opportunities? If the stumbling-block were solely the question of not riding rough-shod over the interests and sensibilities of the neutral nations, one would have no right to complain. No decent Britisher is anxious to get a character for hog-headedness and brutal churlishness. Let the Germans keep possession of the "corner" that they long ago made in that sort of gear.

Trade With the Enemy.

Our rulers are mightily anxious to consider the convenience of neutral countries; but have those countries considered us? Because we have listened to the past to more or less groundless protests from them, are we to go doing so forever to our own great detriment? It is not the British Government's way to push along regardless of the claims and rights of weaker nations; but there should be a limit to its patience, and to its readiness to stand aside and make concessions. Every concession where enemy trading and the blockade are concerned must mean the lengthening of the war period; and it is almost time that the neutrals realised this and made ready to help instead of hinder. Even if their trade suffered seriously, they would get their recompense later in the quicker restoration of peace. But has their trade suffered so severely? Official returns do not seem to show this.

BRITISH TRADE IN CHINA.

THE ECONOMIC WAR WITH GERMANY.

INTERVIEW WITH MR. MOORE-BENNET.

The *Telegraph* has been fortunate enough to secure an interview with Mr. Arthur Moore-Bennet, who has just passed through Hongkong on his way back to Peking, and his remarks are of special value and interest in view of all that has lately been said and written on the subject of German trade in China. Mr. Moore-Bennet is a civil engineer of very considerable repute, who has spent some ten years in the interior of China (Yunnan, Szechuen, Kweichow and Kwangsi). While devoting himself to topographical surveying, mineral prospecting, and railway work, innumerable opportunities have come in his way for contrasting our British methods with those of the Germans, where trade propagation is concerned; and his observations have led him to the conclusion that Britain is going to be a bad loser in this commercial warfare unless she very materially alters and enlarges her views.

"Our people's opportunity is here and now," he said, in discussing the question, "and yet we refuse to see it. China has opened up more, during the past five years, than in the previous five centuries; her anti-foreign prejudices are almost dead; her outlook is broader and bigger than it has ever been—and we are content to stand by and allow Germany to profit by all this! There is a popular idea—and a very mistaken one—that the Chinese prefer German goods. That is nonsense; the Chinese will buy the goods of the man who happens to be on the spot; and it seems as though ours never are on the spot.

How to Counter Germany.

What are we doing to push our country's trade? And what is Germany doing? Germany is receiving an enormous sum daily from the Chinese (Boxer indemnity), repayment of loan, interest on short term loans through Krupp, etc.; and the profits on that sum are being laid out in trade propagation; in founding an enormous commercial organisation which should enable her, when war is over, to run every big city of China—unless we are prepared to intervene.

"How would I counteract this? Well by means of a really efficient trade service in China that is not controlled in any way by the Foreign Office; by providing greater and better banking facilities, and by the employment, in that trade service, of men specially skilled and qualified to handle the problems with which we are faced out here.

"The blame for our present inaccessibility falls partly on local shoulders and partly on those of the Home Government. It sounds rather invidious to single out one particular concern for praise; but I feel bound to say that, if the methods employed by the British American Tobacco Company were followed by other firms out here, matters would not be as they are. The B.A.T. chooses good men, insists on their learning the language of the district in which they are working, and therein sets an excellent example, which others seem to refuse to follow.

Every Man to his Trade.

"For this sort of work, we want the best and strongest men; men willing to take themselves seriously and to regard themselves as processors of a big enterprise. During the past few months there has been a lot of talk about its being the duty of men out here to go to Europe and fight for their country. Now that's all very nice. I think I'm as loyal to my country as any of your readers can be, but, candidly, I do not see the use of sending Home men who would be better employed in fighting the commercial war out here. Everybody to his trade; there are men work-

ing here, I grant, who would be far better employed in digging trenches, or in fighting in them; but equally there are men who have enlisted who could be doing far more for our Empire by combating Germany's business plans in China. Let's leave sentiment out of it, and say boldly that a man can be as big a hero by doing his duty in Britain's economic war as he can by going to fight in Flanders.

"In what particular respect does the fault lie with the Government?" we asked.

The Government's Duty.

"In the first place," said Mr. Moore-Bennet, "the representatives of the Foreign Office out here evidently underestimate their power to help the trader. (There are, of course, exceptions, and it is only fair to say that I have met Consular officials who fully understood their work and did it thoroughly.) To the German or American or Japanese Consul, the man of his own nationality who comes to a district advertising or selling a certain commodity, is a representative of his country, and, as such, must be given every possible assistance. To many of our British Consuls, on the other hand, such a man is merely an individual, and, to their way of thinking, apparently they would be stepping outside their duty were they to go out of their way to help a mere individual.

A Ministry of Commerce.

"In the second place, why is there no Ministry of Commerce at Home? Are Britain's commercial needs so far behind her educational or naval or military or internal or Irish requirements that she can afford to neglect this branch altogether? Until we have a properly qualified Minister of Commerce we cannot hope to make the progress needed. Under him there should be a Director for every open market—Brazil, China, or what-not—in the world. Each of these Directors should have power to appoint ten men to work under him—thoroughly experienced and well-paid men, each capable of handling one-tenth of the district for which his individual Director is responsible. During the dry season these men should travel through their districts, looking for no opportunity of inspecting, of gathering matter for subsequent reports, and of advancing British trade in all its branches. During the wet season they would be occupied at their base, or in going Home to report to the Minister—as well as to bring home manufacturers to see the need for co-operative effort. They would, in fact, be the means of educating the British manufacturer and banker in the methods now pursued by their trade opponents, and so would be meeting those opponents upon their own ground.

Proper Selling Bases Wanted.

"I spoke of each man's base. The Germans and Americans have, for long enough, been settling up selling-offices in various parts of China. Cannot we do the same? Look at this map of China. Every one of those marks represents a German headquarters or base; in some provinces, you will see, there are as many as seven or eight."

"But all this is going to take time," we hinted.

"Of course it's going to take time. Nothing can be done all at once. We should need," said Mr. Moore-Bennet, "at least three years to get fairly started, the first two of those years being what I might call purely 'organisation years.' At the end of the third we should begin to look seriously for results. And, be assured, we should soon find them. Doesn't it strike you that the mere reports of these trade apostles themselves would be of incalculable value to the merchants and manufacturers at Home? What are our Board of Trade reports worth, as they stand? They are based on entirely false estimates. Take Hongkong returns for example. When the people at Home read that this Colony's trade for such and such a year was so much, do they trouble to ask themselves what proportion of that trade was (say) German or Japanese—and therefore incorrectly included in the British trade returns?"

(Continued on page 5.)

TELEGRAMS.

THE L.M.S.

(Sender's Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, Received, January 27.
Dr. Robert Horton, in a letter to the Times, appeals for funds to prevent the withdrawal of the London Missionary Society from Mizapur.

[In the event of telegrams arriving too late for insertion on this page they will be found on the Extra.]

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

OBITUARY.

Dean Pigeon.

London, Received, January 26.
The death is announced of Dean Pigeon.
[The Very Rev. Francis Pigeon, D.D., 1st Baron Pigeon of Bristol, since 1871. He was Vicar and rural dean of Halifax, 1873-83; Hon. Canon of Ripon, 1885-88; of Chichester, 1888-91, and Hon. Chaplain-in-Ordinary to Queen Victoria, 1871-74.]

INDIA'S NEEDS.

Women Doctors Required.

London, Received, January 26.
At a meeting of the East India Association in Canon Hall, Lady Muir Mackenzie said that India's most pressing problem was how to secure a healthy and happy population. Medical and sanitary knowledge could best be spread by training Indian women as doctors, nurses, and health officers.

OPIUM EXPORTATION.

Sequel to Shanghai Case.

London, Received, January 26.
Fines of £500, £250, and £100 sterling respectively have been imposed at Bow Street on the Americans, Cohen and Robinson and the valet Horne for unlawful exportation of opium. Prosecuting Counsel stated that opium worth £50,000 was seized from Horne at Shanghai.

[It will be recalled that Robinson and Cohen were mentioned during the recent European opium case in Hongkong, in which the valet, Horne, gave evidence.]

LANGKAT OUTPUT.

Messrs. Wright and Hornby advise us that the Langkat output for the current month is as follows:—

January	1	---	---	Tons	142
"	2	---	---	"	137
"	3	---	---	"	135
"	4	---	---	"	127
"	5	---	---	"	133
"	6	---	---	"	128
"	7	---	---	"	139
"	8	---	---	"	132
"	9	---	---	"	138
"	10	---	---	"	150
"	11	---	---	"	133
"	12	---	---	"	248
"	13	---	---	"	237
"	14	---	---	"	255
"	15	---	---	"	235
"	16	---	---	"	209
"	17	---	---	"	183
"	18	---	---	"	198
"	19	---	---	"	198
"	20	---	---	"	183
"	21	---	---	"	202
"	22	---	---	"	210
"	23	---	---	"	192
"	24	---	---	"	205
"	25	---	---	"	177
"	26	---	---	"	183

BRITISH TRADE IN CHINA.

(Continued from Page 4.)

Chinese Politics and Trade.
"Another thing. Manufacturers at Home seem to have an idea that the present is not the time at which to begin a systematic trade crusade. They say that China is in a disturbed condition. What if it is? I'm not going into that now but we who live in the East know perfectly well that the political situation in China never affects trade. In a Chinese revolution, ninety-nine per cent. of the people don't even know that there's a revolution going on. 1911 and 1912 were, according to the Customs' own showing, China's two best trade years. These political troubles do, of course, affect the Treaty Ports to some extent; but what are they, in comparison with the rest of China? The English-speaking Chinese are still almost a negligible quantity.

The Two Wars.
"I will only add this," concluded Mr. Moore-Bennet. "Britishers at Home, and out here for that matter, should be made to see that, in order to meet the expenditure of the European war, we must enlarge our export trade. We will deny that the Imperial Government has changed many of its former views on military methods since the war broke out? Might it not also devote itself to altering its views on economic methods? It is on trade that the whole fabric of British superiority rests (though I think the Imperial Government sometimes loses sight of that fact), and we want to establish ourselves in China now; not after the war is over. The economic crisis that is coming just directly may be even a bigger affair than the political war has been; if we neglect to marshal our economic forces before this crisis, even as we neglected to marshal our military forces before the war broke out, though we shall eventually win the military war we shall lose—and lose badly—in the economic."

THE TROUBLE IN MACAO.

Reported Conflict Between Portuguese and Chinese.

Rumours came filtering through to Hongkong yesterday that there was trouble at Macao between the Portuguese and the Chinese just outside the border, but the precise nature of the trouble has not yet been definitely ascertained. Enquiries on the part of the Telegraph reveal the fact that the disturbance was quite an exciting one, but, at the same time, not of a very serious nature.

From what can be gathered, it would appear that on Monday a police patrol boat endeavoured to catch a junk, which had, presumably, transgressed the law in some direction. Chase was given and the junk sought refuge at Lappa. It is said by the Chinese that the launch passed the limit of the Portuguese waters in trying to arrest man who was wanted. This seems to have incensed the Chinese and it is said that orders were given that the launch was to be fired upon. This was done and there was a reply on the part of the occupants of the launch. It is stated that four Chinese were wounded and one killed, but so far there is no confirmation of this story.

Needless to say, the matter aroused a great deal of commotion in Macao and it was thought advisable to have the volunteers kept in readiness in case the trouble developed into serious proportions.

On Tuesday there was further trouble, but here again full details are not known. It is stated that at four o'clock firing was again indulged in on both sides, and that a Portuguese gunboat landed a party of sailors at the place of the disturbance. So far as can be ascertained, there have been no casualties among the Portuguese, and the Chinese who were wounded are being treated at the Macao Hospital as there is no place for them in Chinese territory.

It would seem that things were quieter yesterday, but news of a more definite character is awaited with interest.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[The opinions expressed by the correspondents are not necessarily those of the Hongkong Telegraph.]

IMPERIAL RAW MATERIAL TRADE LEAGUE.

(To the Editor of the Hongkong Telegraph.)

9th December, 1915.

Sir, Will you allow me, a Hindu subject of the King, to invite the attention of my fellow citizens of the British Empire to the urgent necessity of taking immediate steps for the commercial crippling of Germany after the war. A prosperous Germany would mean a world-dominating German army, an ever increasing German navy, and larger fleets of murderous Zeppelins, which would again cost every part of the Empire much blood and money.

Within the last ten years various attempts have been made in different parts of the Empire to prevent the dumping of cheap German goods, on the sale of which German prosperity mainly depends, but in every case the proposed measures dealt with German goods when they were ready for dumping. After twenty years' study of the question I have come to the conclusion that if the remedy against dumping is to be successful, it must be applied in all cases at the first stage and not at the last stage. I mean that the various parts of the Empire should combine to take steps to prevent Germany from obtaining any raw material from the Empire, so that she cannot make cheap goods for dumping purposes. At present a very large proportion of her supply of raw material comes from the British Empire. After years of labour I have drawn up a scheme embracing the whole of the British Empire, which can be worked without the necessity of passing any Act of Parliament or seeking any assistance from the Legislature, the Self-Governing Colonies or of my native land, India. I propose no fiscal measures: I seek no State aid. My remedy is above party politics, and is truly Imperial in every sense, which should induce citizens of all parts of the Empire to join hands in strengthening our position. My proposal is, in brief, to start an Imperial Raw Material Trade League with a view to establishing a thorough organisation to enable one part of the Empire to utilise the raw material produced by another part of the Empire, which would otherwise go to Germany, and in case of raw material which cannot be consumed within the Empire to direct this surplus to countries in alliance with England or which remain neutral in the present war.

To prevent post-bellum German dumping, the League should be started at once in London with branches all over the Empire. I shall be grateful if those interested in my scheme will send me comments and suggestions with the object of making the proposed Imperial Raw Material Trade League an unqualified success and a tower of strength to the Empire.

Yours etc.,
S. MITRA,
Author of "Anglo-Indian Studies," etc.

POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

Orders issued to-day by Mr. F. C. Jenkin, D.S.P. (Reserve) state:—

Police Reserve Mascots.
Two Great Danes have been presented as Mascots to the Force by Mr. She Shun-tat and Mok Kon-sang. They are placed under the supervision of Inspector Wei Wing-sam, and will attend all Company and Combined Parades until further Orders.

Musketry Part II.
P. Co. of No. 3 Company and of No. 4 Platoon of No. 1 Company will fire on Sunday, January 30th, as per orders of January 26th, and 27th.

Parades.
Friday January 28th. All Company Inspectors and Sergeants. Latter with rifles.

Helmets.
Members of No. 1 and 2 Companies from No. 1 on and from Monday, January 31st.
Band Practice.
Friday, January 28th, at 8 p.m.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

SOME OF OUR
BY-PRODUCTS AND SPECIALITIES.
CORNED BEEF, CORNED PORK,
VARIETY OF SAUSAGES
PRESSED BEEF, COOKED HAM,
DRIPPING, LARD,
CORNED TONGUES, SMOKED TONGUES,
PORK PIES, GAME PIES.
WHICH CANNOT BE EXCELLED FOR QUALITY.



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THE UNRIVALLED DISINFECTANT

is the result of years of experiment and scientific research. The safest and most economical of efficient disinfectants—mixes equally well with salt, brackish and fresh water.

ONE GALLON IZAL MAKES
400 GALLONS EFFICIENT DISINFECTING FLUID.
WHOLESALE AGENTS—
W. R. LOXLEY & CO., YORK BUILDINGS.

LOCAL WEDDING.

Course-Sutherland.

The wedding took place at St. John's Cathedral this morning of Mr. Arthur Course, traffic manager of the Hongkong Tramway Company, and Mrs. Sutherland, who is well-known in nursing circles in the Colony. It will be remembered that the bride was one of the passengers on the Yasaka Maru when that liner was torpedoed. The bridegroom has resided in Hongkong for twelve years and is extremely popular among his many friends. He has always been most enterprising in his work in the public interest in connection with the tramway service, and of late has done quite a deal for the Prince of Wales' Fund and the Cigarette and Tobacco Fund by drafting striking appeals on their behalf which he has had posted on the tramcars.

The wedding was a quiet one, only the immediate relatives of the bridegroom attending. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. V. H. Copley Moyle.

The many presents included a handsome clock from the European staff of the Tramway Company, while the Chinese traffic staff gave a silver tea service, with Chinese porcelain and silver cups, as well as a toilet case.

Later in the day Mr. and Mrs. Course left for Canton.

HOCKEY.

In the United Services Hockey League, the Volunteers defeated the Shropshires last evening by 5 goals to nil. The goals were scored by Dyer Ball (2), Sim. (2) and Evans (1).

Death.

News has been received by Mr. A. M. Simpson, of Kowloon Dock, of the sudden death of his father, at Dundee. He has the sympathy of many friends. Of deceased's other sons one is a prisoner of war in Austria and another holds a commission in the Navy.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per s.s. Eastern from Kobe on Jan. 26—
Baronovskis Mrs. Kalleher Mrs.
Davidoff Mr. Kutikowsky Mr.
Dobobov Mr. & Mrs. Buwa Mr.
Tolmaga Mr.
Per s.s. Lachow from Shanghai on Jan. 26.
Goff Mrs. Murphy Mr. & Mrs.
Hudson Mr. Salaffero Mr.
Per s.s. Lalaung from Calcutta on Jan. 27.
Edwards Mrs. Valley Mr.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC CO. LD.
GOTHENBURG.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"JAPAN."

having arrived Consignees of cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, and West Point Godowns whence delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before noon to-day requesting it to be landed here.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 2nd of February, will be subject to rent. All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 2nd of February at 9.30 a.m.

All claims must reach us before the 10th of February 1916, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.

A.B. THE SWEDISH TRADING CO. IN CHINA, (LTD.)

Agents.

Hongkong, 26th January, 1916.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

TUESDAY
the 1st February, 1916,
commencing at 11 a.m.

at the offices formerly occupied by Messrs. Arnold Karberg & Co.
(opposite to Murray Pier).

A Large Quantity of Household and Office Furniture comprising—

Teak wardrobes, Bookcases, dining table, dinner waggons, tea tables, handstand, leather covered armchairs.

Oak type-writing desks, writing tables and desks, office chairs, revolving bookstand, bookshelves, cupboards, sample showcases sectional filing cabinets, copying presses, electric ceiling and table fans, etc., etc.

10 Typewriters (Remington, Oliver and Royal).

2 Iron Safes.

On view from Monday the 31st January.

Catalogues will be issued.

Terms: Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT, Auctioneer.

READY-TO-WEAR
TWEED
SPORTS COATS
FLANNEL
BLAZERS
FLANNEL
TROUSERS.



MACKINTOSH & CO. LTD.
Men's Wear Specialists
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THE LATEST IN
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FOR
GOLF, TENNIS, CRICKET, ETC.
PRACTICAL AND COMFORTABLE
DESIGNS IN

COATS, SWEATERS, etc.
PRICES MODERATE



NEW
COLUMBIA
DANCE
RECORDS

JUST RECEIVED

		(ONE OR TWO STEP)	PRINCE'S BAND
A1307	TOO MUCH MUSTARD, ON THE MISSISSIPPI		
A5532	INTERNATIONAL RAG, HIGH JINKS	(RESITATION WALTZ)	
A5531	PUPPCHEN, Y COMO LE VA	(ONE OR TWO STEP) TANGO	
A1458	HE'D HAVE TO GET OUT, TRES CHIC	(ONE OR TWO STEP)	
A5541	HUNGARIAN RAG, HEART O' MINE	(RESITAT WALTZ)	
A5525	DREAMING, ISLE D'AMOUR		
1942	EIGHTSOME REEL-ACCORDEON, HORN PIPE		

ETC. ETC.
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TOURS arranged to ALL PARTS of the WORLD.
BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.
LETTERS of CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and CASHED.

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THE AUSTRALIAN
ORIENTAL LINEHONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES & AUSTRALIAN PORTS
SAILING (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

Steamers.	Arrive Hongkong from Australia.	Sail Hongkong for Australia.
CHANGSHA	27th Jan.	28th Jan.
TAIYUAN	29th Feb.	30th Feb.

These steamers are fitted with Refrigerating machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of ice, fresh provisions etc., and have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares. Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian ports.

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APCAR LINE.

Regular Service Between

CALCUTTA, STRAITS, SHANGHAI and JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD.

The above steamers have excellent saloon accommodations for Passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For freight or passage, apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.

Hongkong, Jan. 22, 1916.

Agents.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

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TO
UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

For Steamer Sails.
LONDON Kansas 15th February.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Cape of Good Hope at Owners' option.

Subject to change without notice.

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THE BANK LINE, LTD.

General Agents.

or to REISS & Co. Canton
Hongkong, 13th Jan. 1916.

KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPY.

(ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO.)

The s.s. "van SPILBERGEN"

By this steamer a four-weekly service is maintained between HONGKONG and BELAWAN DELI (MEDAN) via SWATOW.

Next departure from Hongkong on the 6th February, 1916.

The s.s. "S JACOB"

This vessel plies regularly between HONGKONG and SINGAPORE via AMOY & SWATOW.

Next departure from Hongkong on the 20th February, 1916.

These vessels have excellent saloon-accommodation for a limited number of passengers, are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

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York Building Tel 1574 & 1575.
Hongkong, 21st January, 1916.

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NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

Projected Sailings from Hongkong—

Destination.	Subject to Alteration	Steamers.	Sailing Date
LONDON via Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, Durban, Cape Town, Tenerife.		{Suwa Maru Capt. T. Sekine {Aisuta Maru Capt. Sato	T. 21,000 {THURS, 27th T. 16,000 {Jan. at noon. {THURS, 10th {Feb., at noon.

VICTORIA, B.C. and SEATTLE via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama, and Yokohama.		Shidzuoka Maru Capt. Tozawa	T. 12,500 {WEDNES, 2nd {Feb., at noon.
--	--	--------------------------------	---

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, Thungday Island, Townsville and Brisbane.		{Saki Maru Capt. Noma {Tango Maru Capt. Soyeda	T. 13,500 {TUES, 15th T. 13,500 {Feb. at 11 a.m. {TUES, 14th {Mar., at 4 p.m.
--	--	---	--

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.		Colombo Maru Capt. Sakamoto	T. 8,000 {TUESDAY, {1st Feb.
BOMBAY via Singapore, Malacca and Colombo.		Totomi Maru Capt. Tanaka	T. 6,000 {MONDAY, {31st Jan.

MOJI and Kobe.			
SHANGHAI Kobe		Tosa Maru Capt. Takano	T. 10,000 {SATURDAY, {29th Jan.
NAGASAKI, Kobe		{Tango Maru Capt. Soyeda	T. 13,500 {SATUR, 12th {Feb., at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI, Kobe		{Miyazaki Maru Capt. Teranaka	T. 16,000 {About MON., {14th Feb.

† With wireless telegraphy.

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To London 1st Single Yen 600. To Marseilles 1st Single Yen 550.—			
" Return " 900. " Return " 825.—			
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To London, Southampton, Liverpool via New York \$50.13.0			
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To Victoria, Vancouver, Seattle, 1st Single \$30.			
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To Sydney, 1st Single \$40. To Melbourne 1st Single \$41.			
" 1st Return \$72. " 1st Return \$73.16/—			

To Yokohama, 1st Return \$150. To Kobe 1st Return \$135.			
" 2nd " \$ 90. " 2nd " \$ 83.			

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CHINA NAVIGATION
CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers.	To Sail
SHANGHAI	Luchow	30th Jan. at 4 p.m.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	Chinhua	1st Feb. at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Yingchow	1st Feb. at 4 p.m.
HATPHONG	Sungkiang	1st Feb. at 10 a.m.

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S.S. "Anhui," "Chenan," "Luchow," "Yingchow," "Shantung," and "Sinkiang," with excellent accommodation, electric light and fans in Saloon and State-rooms, maintain a regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, leaving Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

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Hongkong, 28th January, 1916

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The s.s. "GLENLOGAN"

Captain H. J. Henderson,

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9th February 1916.

For freight, passage and further informations, apply to

SHEWAN TOMES & Co.

Hongkong, 20th January, 1916.

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LIJN.

Regular fortnight service between

JAVA CHINA and JAPAN.

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	For
Tjikembang	in port	2nd Feb.	2nd Feb.	BATAVIA
Tjilatjap	in port	3rd Feb.	3rd Feb.	KOBE
Tjimancek	SWATOW	2nd Feb.	9th Feb.	BATAVIA
Tjikini	SHANGHAI	12th Feb.	16th Feb.	BATAVIA

* Wireless Telegraphy.

"The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers. All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Netherlands-India and Australia."

For particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to the

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SAN FRANCISCO LINE

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Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamer	Displacement Tons & Speed	Leave Hongkong
Persia Maru	9,000 - 17 knots	3rd Feb. at noon.
Tenyo Maru	22,000 - 21 knots	15th February.
Nippon Maru	11,000 - 15 knots	29th February.
Dairen Maru	8,000 - 14 knots	3rd March.
Anyo Maru	18,500 - 15 knots	Saturday 11th March.
Shinyo Maru	22,000 - 21 knots	14th Mar. at noon.

* Cargo only.

† Via Manila omitting Shanghai.

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First Class to New York	\$50.	" " \$95.10.
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Steamer	Tons & Speed	Leave Hongkong
Kiyo Maru	17,200 - 15 knots	8th January.

For Full Particulars as to Passage & Freight, apply to

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(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.)

Steamer.	Arrive Hongkong from Australia.	Leave Hongkong for Australia.
Eastern	20th Feb.	29th Jan. at noon.
St Albans	16th Mar.	15th Mar. at 11 a.m.
Empire		18th Apr.

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† All Steamers Fitted with Wireless Telegraphy.

For further particulars, apply to

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Regular Service of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for first Class Passengers, Electric Light and Fans in staterooms and Saloon and Excellent Cuisine.

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(Occupying 9 to 10 days.)

Steamships.	Captain	Leaving.
Haihong	J. W. Evans	28th Jan. at 2 p.m.
Haimun	A. H. Stewart	31st Jan. at 2 p.m.

† For Amoy Passengers only.

"Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier)."

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General Managers.

LOG BOOK.

"After the War."

Captain Basil E. Peto, M.P., chairman of the Parliamentary Committee of the Imperial Merchant Service Guild, remarks as follows in a letter which he has addressed to the secretary, Lieut. Moore:—"After the war it is quite clear that a determined effort must be made on the line of British crews for British ships. It may not be possible entirely to do away with the employment of Chinese in the Eastern seas, but I can see no excuse for it in ships which trade to Great Britain."

The s.s. Japanese Prince.

London, December 6.—The British steamship Japanese Prince recently was attacked by a German submarine, but succeeded in escaping, according to information received here to-day. The Japanese Prince is of 4,876 tons gross, and was built in 1911. She is owned by the Prince Line, Limited, of Newcastle. The following unofficial account of the incident was placed at the disposal of the press: "The steamer Japanese Prince, of the Prince Line, Newcastle-on-Tyne, with a large crew and a considerable number of passengers, recently encountered a German submarine. For five and one-half hours she struggled to get clear, being heavily shelled during the greater portion of that time. The captain stood pluckily at his post and handled the vessel with conspicuous ability and judgment. As a result of his efforts, with the hearty co-operation of his crew, the Japanese Prince was ultimately able to elude the submarine, and was brought into port with all aboard safe and sound. As an evidence of their appreciation of his gallantry and ability, the directors of the Prince Line awarded Captain Jenkins the sum of £500 and have directed that a similar sum be divided among that vessel's crew."

The Pacific Mail.

Says the San Francisco Chronicle.—Commerce and industry will adapt themselves to almost any condition, and the Congressional murder of the Pacific Mail Company will only check the natural development of trade on the Pacific. In fact, the purchase of its ships on the Panamanian by the International Corporation and their management by W. R. Grace & Co. will doubtless result in far better service to the south than we have ever before had. That is because ownership of transportation facilities will be in the hands of those who have commodities to be moved, backed by a financial establishment adequate to any necessary financing. Trade is bound to find a way. As the Administration has virtually relieved all foreign ships from the burdensome provisions of the seaman's act trade can move under the flag of foreign ships. As to Oriental traffic, it can, if necessary, move by rail to Vancouver, and thence by sea, and in an emergency trade to the south can move through a Moroccan port. All this may cost more, but the trade will go on. It is not expected, however, that any such costly and inconvenient expedients will be necessary. No shipowners object to any provision of the seaman's bill which makes for safety of passengers and crew, although there is objection to provisions purporting to be in the interest of safety but really for an entirely different purpose. It is believed that the law will be so changed as to permit American ships to operate without the necessity of an administrative ruling that it does not mean what it says. There is no reasonable objection to the provisions for the comfort of the crews, which do not greatly vary from laws now being enacted in other countries. But, at any rate, trade will go on in some way. Had not the Pacific Mail been persecuted out of existence, it would doubtless have provided many of the facilities for southern trade which are now promised by others, but that company was not organized to do for our commerce what can be done by the new combination.

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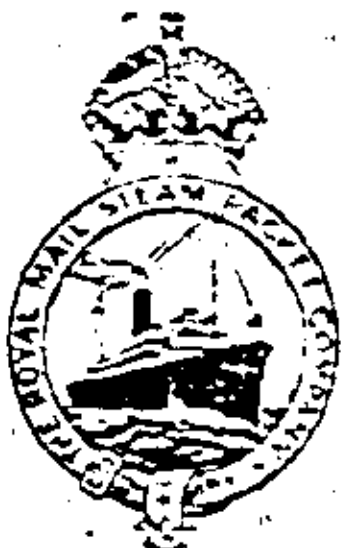
(Projected Sailings from Hongkong.—(Subject to Alteration).)

For	Steamship	On
HONGKONG & Haiphong	Loksang	Fri. 28th Jan. at 9 a.m.
SPONGE, Pang & Calcutta	Onsang	Sat. 29th Jan. at 3 p.m.
MANILA	Loongsang	Sat. 29th Jan. at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Hopsang	Sun. 30th Jan. at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Kwongsang	Tues. 1st Feb. at 4 light
SPONGE, Pang & Calcutta	Laisang	Wed. 2nd Feb. at 4 light
SPONGE, Pang & Calcutta	Namsang	Sat. 5th Feb. at 3 p.m.
MANILA	Yuensang	Sat. 5th Feb. at 3 p.m.
TIENTSIN via W.wei	Cheongshing	Thurs. 10th Feb. at 4 light

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‡ Taking cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Kuantan, Lanat, Datu, Simporna, Tawao, Usukan, Jesselton and Labuan.
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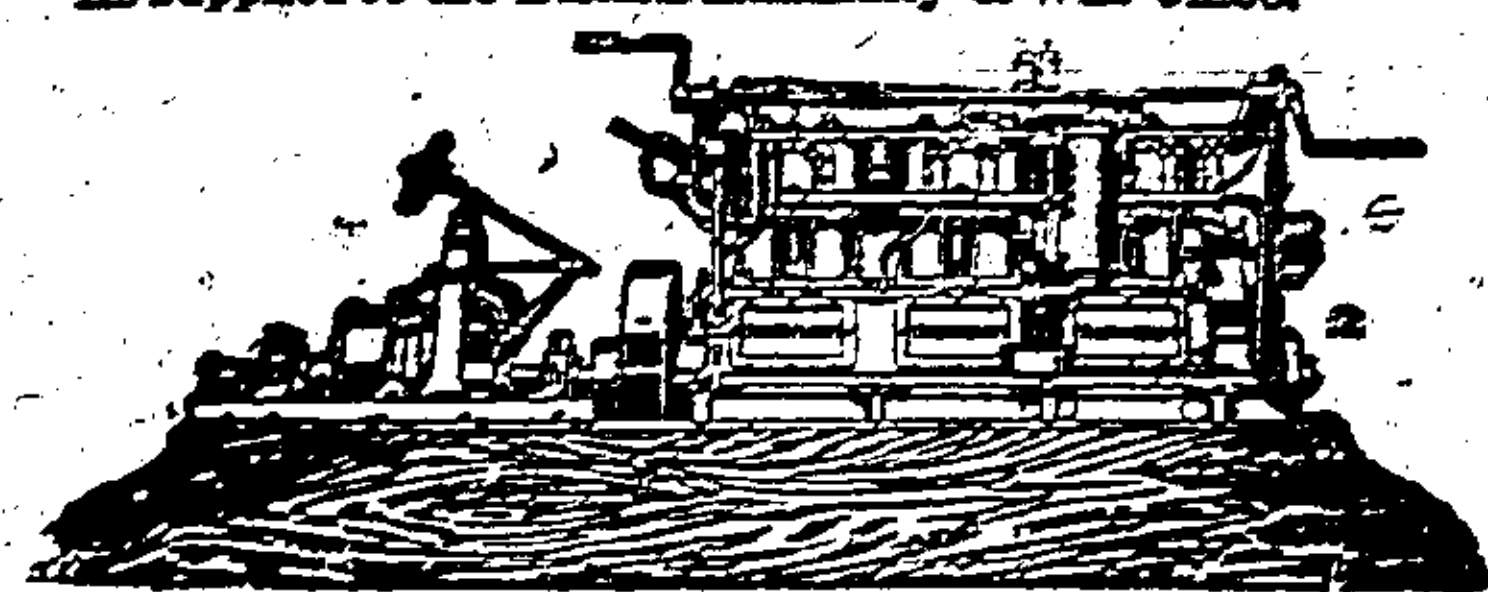
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EUROPEAN PORTS.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To	To be Despatched.
London & Marseilles via Ports	Suwa M.	N. Y. K.	27 Jan.
London via Ports	Kashmir	P. & O.	28 Jan.
Marseilles via Saigon & Ports	Porthos	P. & O.	29 Jan.
London via Ports	Nellore	P. & O.	2 Feb.
Genoa	S. T. & Co.	P. & O.	9 Feb.
London & Marseilles via Ports	Atsuta M.	N. Y. K.	10 Feb.
London & Ports	Ransas	B. L. Ltd.	15 Feb.

NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO AND CANADA

New York via Cape	Skipton C. D. & Co.	28 Jan.
Vancouver	E. of Japan C. P. R.	2 Feb.
Victoria, B.C. & Seattle	Suwa M. N. Y. K.	2 Feb.
San Francisco via S'hai & Japan etc.	Persia M. T. K. K.	3 Feb.
San Francisco	Tjisondari J.C.J. L.	11 Feb.
San Francisco	Chios C. M. S. S.	12 Feb.
San Fco via Manila & Japan etc.	Tenyo M. T. K. K.	15 Feb.
Vancouver	Monteagle C. P. R.	16 Feb.
San Fco via S'hai & Japan etc.	Nippon M. T. K. K.	29 Feb.
New York via Cape	Egrement C. D. & Co.	Feb.
San Fco via S'hai & Japan etc.	Dairen M. T. K. K.	3 Mar.
San Fco via S'hai & Japan etc.	Anyo M. T. K. K.	10 Mar.
San Francisco	Karimoen J.C.J. L.	13 Mar.
San Fco via Shanghai & Japan	Shinyo M. T. K. K.	14 Mar.
Vancouver	E. of Russia C. P. R.	23 Mar.
Vancouver	S. of Japan C. P. R.	5 Apr.
San Francisco	Tjikembang J.C.J. L.	11 Apr.
San Francisco	China C. M. S. S.	14 Apr.

AUSTRALIA.

Australian Ports via Manila	Changsha B. & S.	27 Jan.
Australian Ports via Timor	Eastern G. L. Co.	29 Jan.
Sydney & Melbourne via Manila	Aki M. N. Y. K.	15 Feb.
Australian Ports via Manila	Taiyuan B. & S.	28 Feb.
Sydney & Melbourne via Manila	Tango M. N. Y. K.	14 Mar.
Australian Ports via Port Darwin	St. Albans G. L. Co.	15 Mar.
Australian Ports via Port Darwin Empire	G. L. Co.	8 Apr.

SINGAPORE, COAST PORTS AND JAPAN.

Hongkong & Haiphong	Loksang J. M. Co.	28 Jan.
Singapore, Amoy & Foochow	Haihong D. L. & Co.	28 Jan.
Haiphong	B. & S.	28 Jan.
Singapore & Calcutta	Onsang J. M. Co.	29 Jan.
Manila	Loongsang J. M. Co.	29 Jan.
Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama	Tosa M. N. Y. K.	29 Jan.
Kobe & Moji	Laisang J. M. Co.	30 Jan.
Shanghai	Hopsang J. M. Co.	30 Jan.
Batavia	Tjikembang J.C.J. L.	31 Jan.
Swatow, Amoy & Foochow	Haimun D. L. & Co.	31 Jan.
Bombay & Ports	Totomi M. N. Y. K.	31 Jan.
Calcutta via Singapore etc.	Colombo M. N. Y. K.	1 Feb.
Kobe	Tjilatjap J.C.J. L.	1 Feb.
Manila, Cebu and Iloilo	Chinhua B. & S.	1 Feb.
Shanghai	Kwongsang J. M. Co.	1 Feb.
Singapore and Calcutta	Laisang J. M. Co.	2 Feb.
Shanghai, Moji & Kobe	Namur P. & O.	3 Feb.
Singapore, Penang and Calcutta	Namsang J. M. Co.	4 Feb.
Manila	Yuensang J. M. Co.	5 Feb.
Belawan, Deli (Medan) via S'hai	Van S. J.C.J. L.	6 Feb.
Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Tango M. N. Y. K.	12 Feb.
Shanghai & Ports to Yokohama	Nankin P. & O.	12 Feb.
Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama	Miyazaki M. N. Y. K.	14 Feb.
Batavia, Sourabaya etc.	Borneo M. D. & Co.	15 Feb.
Singapore, Amoy and Swatow	S. Jacob J.C.J. L.	20 Feb.
Moji, Kobe & Yokohama	Kiojun M. D. & Co.	23 Feb.
Java	Tjikembang J.C.J. L.	11 Mar.
Java	Karimoen J.C.J. L.	13 Mar.

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MOVEMENT OF
STEAMERS.

AMERICAN MAIL.

The T. I. K. s.s. ANTO MARU will
leave Hongkong on March 10, 1916.
The T. I. K. s.s. TENYO MARU sailed
on the 26th Nov. at noon—This steamer
will leave Hongkong on Tuesday the
15th February 1916 at noon.

CANADIAN MAIL.

The C. P. R. s.s. MONTEAGLE left
Vancouver on Friday the 14th Jan. p.m.

ENGLISH MAIL.

The P. & O. s.s. KASHMIR left for this
Port on the 25th instant at daylight; with
the English Mail, and is due here on the
27th inst. at about noon.

VESSELS IN PORT.

Steamers	From	Expected	Will Leave	For
Knight Companion, Br. s.s. 1634 J. Ken- dall, 21st Jan.—Singapore, 5th Jan. Gen.—B. & S.	Jan. Gen.—B. & S.	21st Jan.	21st Jan.	Jan. Gen.—B. & S.
Namsang, Br. s.s. 1591 H. E. Gilroy, 21st Jan.—Moji, 16th Jan. Gen.—J. M. & Co.	Jan. Gen.—J. M. & Co.	21st Jan.	21st Jan.	Jan. Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Kanchow, Br. s.s. 1532 Rees Lewis, 21st Jan.—Swatow, 21st Jan. B. & S.	Jan. Gen.—B. & S.	21st Jan.	21st Jan.	Jan. Gen.—B. & S.
Halvard, Norw. s.s. 1065 G. Beck, 21st Jan.—Bangkok, 11th Jan. B. & S.	Jan. Gen.—B. & S.	21st Jan.	21st Jan.	Jan. Gen.—B. & S.
Sinkiang, Br. s.s. 1615 Williams, 23rd Jan.—Shanghai, 19th Jan. Gen.— B. & S.	Jan. Gen.—B. & S.	23rd Jan.	23rd Jan.	Jan. Gen.—B. & S.
Hanyu, Mar. s.s. 1533 K. Taran, 23rd Jan.—Moji, 16th Jan. Gen.— M. B. G. & Co.	Jan. Gen.—M. B. G. & Co.	23rd Jan.	23rd Jan.	Jan. Gen.—M. B. G. & Co.
E. of Japan, Br. s.s. 1087 F. L. Davidson, 24th Jan.—Vancouver, 1st Jan. —C. P. R.	Jan. Gen.—C. P. R.	24th Jan.	24th Jan.	Jan. Gen.—C. P. R.
Shidzuka Maru, Jan. s.s. 3363, M. Toma, 24th Jan.—Shanghai, 21st Jan. Gen.—N. Y. K.	Jan. Gen.—N. Y. K.	24th Jan.	24th Jan.	Jan. Gen.—N. Y. K.
Tamami, Br. s.s. 919, W. G. Cowan, 24th Jan.—Swatow, 23rd Jan. Gen.— B. & S.	Jan. Gen.—B. & S.	24th Jan.	24th Jan.	Jan. Gen.—B. & S.
Talithyria, Br. s.s. 6325, Callum, 24th Jan.—Manila, 21st Jan. Gen.— B. & S.	Jan. Gen.—B. & S.	24th Jan.	24th Jan.	Jan. Gen.—B. & S.
Kuriana, Br. s.s. 2129 J. Roger, 24th Jan. —Shanghai, 21st Jan. Gen.— G. & Co.	Jan. Gen.—G. & Co.	24th Jan.	24th Jan.	Jan. Gen.—G. & Co.
Kwongsang, Br. s.s. 1438, W. F. Richard, 25th Jan.—Shanghai, 21st Jan. Gen.—J. M. & Co.	Jan. Gen.—J. M. & Co.	25th Jan.	25th Jan.	Jan. Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Suwa Maru, Jan. s.s. 6883, T. Sekine, 26th Jan.—Shanghai, 23rd Jan. Gen.— N. Y. K.	Jan. Gen.—N. Y. K.	26th Jan.	26th Jan.	Jan. Gen.—N. Y. K.
Drafiar, Norw. s.s. 1172 J. Bing, 25th Jan. —Swatow, 24th Jan. Gen.— Chinese.	Jan. Gen.—Chinese.	25th Jan.	25th Jan.	Jan. Gen.—Chinese.
Loongsang, Br. s.s. 1034, Leach, 25th Jan. —Manila, 22nd Jan. Gen.—J. M. & Co.	Jan. Gen.—J. M. & Co.	25th Jan.	25th Jan.	Jan. Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Hai Hong, Br. s.s. Evans, 26th January— Swatow, 25th Jan. Gen.—D. L. & Co.	Jan. Gen.—D. L. & Co.	26th Jan.	26th Jan.	Jan. Gen.—D. L. & Co.

TO SAIL.

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Hongkong.

VESSELS DUE.

Agents.	Vessel's Name.	Ton- nage.	Date Due.	From.
P. & O.	Kashmir	8,841	Jan. 27	Yokohama
M. M.	Porthos		Jan. 28	Yokohama
P. & O.	Namur	6,694	Jan. 29	London
N. Y. K.	Kamakura Maru	12,500	Jan. 29	Yokohama
N. Y. K.	Totimi Maru		Jan. 29	Kobe
B. & S.	Protesilans	9,547	Jan. 29	Singapore
G. L. & Co.	Aldenhams	3,808	Jan. 30	Australia
P. & O.	Nellora	6,353	Feb. 1	Yokohama
N. Y. K.	Colombo Maru		Feb. 3	Yokohama
P. & O.	Nellora	6,353	Feb. 4	Yokohama
P. & O.	Nore	6,703	Feb. 5	London
C. P. R.	Monteagle		Feb. 6	Vancouver
J. C. J. L.	Tjisondari		Feb. 7	Java
N. Y. K.	Atsuta Maru		Feb. 9	Yokohama
P. & O.	Sardinia	6,574	Feb. 11	Yokohama
N. Y. K.	Nankin	6,853	Feb. 12	London
N. Y. K.	Kin Maru		Feb. 12	Kobe
N. Y. K.	Aki Maru		Feb. 13	Seattle
P. & O.	Kitachi Maru		Feb. 13	Yokohama
N. Y. K.	Vongara	8,250	Feb. 14	Yokohama
N. Y. K.	Tenyo Maru		Feb. 15	San Francisco
N. Y. K.	Jinsen Maru		Feb. 16	Australia
P. & O.	Nippon Maru	11,000	Feb. 17	Yokohama
P. & O.	St. Albans		Feb. 19	London
B. & S.	Taiyuan		Feb. 20	Australia
P. & O.	Namur	6,731	Feb. 20	Yokohama
P. & O.	Novara	6,850	Feb. 24	London
N. Y. K.	Rangoon Maru		Feb. 26	Kobe
N. Y. K.	Tamba Maru		Feb. 27	Seattle
N. Y. K.	Anyo Maru	18,500	Mar. 1	Seattle
N. Y. K.	Saca Maru		Mar. 2	Yokohama
P. & O.	Yokohama Maru		Mar. 4	London
N. Y. K.	Shinyo Maru		Mar. 6	San Francisco
T. K. K.	Bombay Maru		Mar. 6	Bombay
N. Y. K.	Bestan Maru		Mar. 8	Cebu
J. C. J. L.	Karimoen		Mar. 9	Java
P. & O.	Nankin	6,853	Mar. 10	Yokohama
N. Y. K.	Nikko Maru		Mar. 11	Australia
P. & O.	Malta	6,064	Mar. 11	London
G. L. & Co.	Empire		Mar. 16	Australia
N. Y. K.	Tango Maru		Mar. 17	Yokohama
P. & O.	Nore	6,703	Mar. 14	Yokohama
T. K. K.	Persia Maru		Mar. 21	San Francisco
P. & O.	Sardinia	6,580	Mar. 24	London
P. & O.	Novara	6,850	Mar. 24	Yokohama
J. C. J. L.	Tjikembang		Apr. 7	Java
J. C. J. L.	Arakan		May 8	Java

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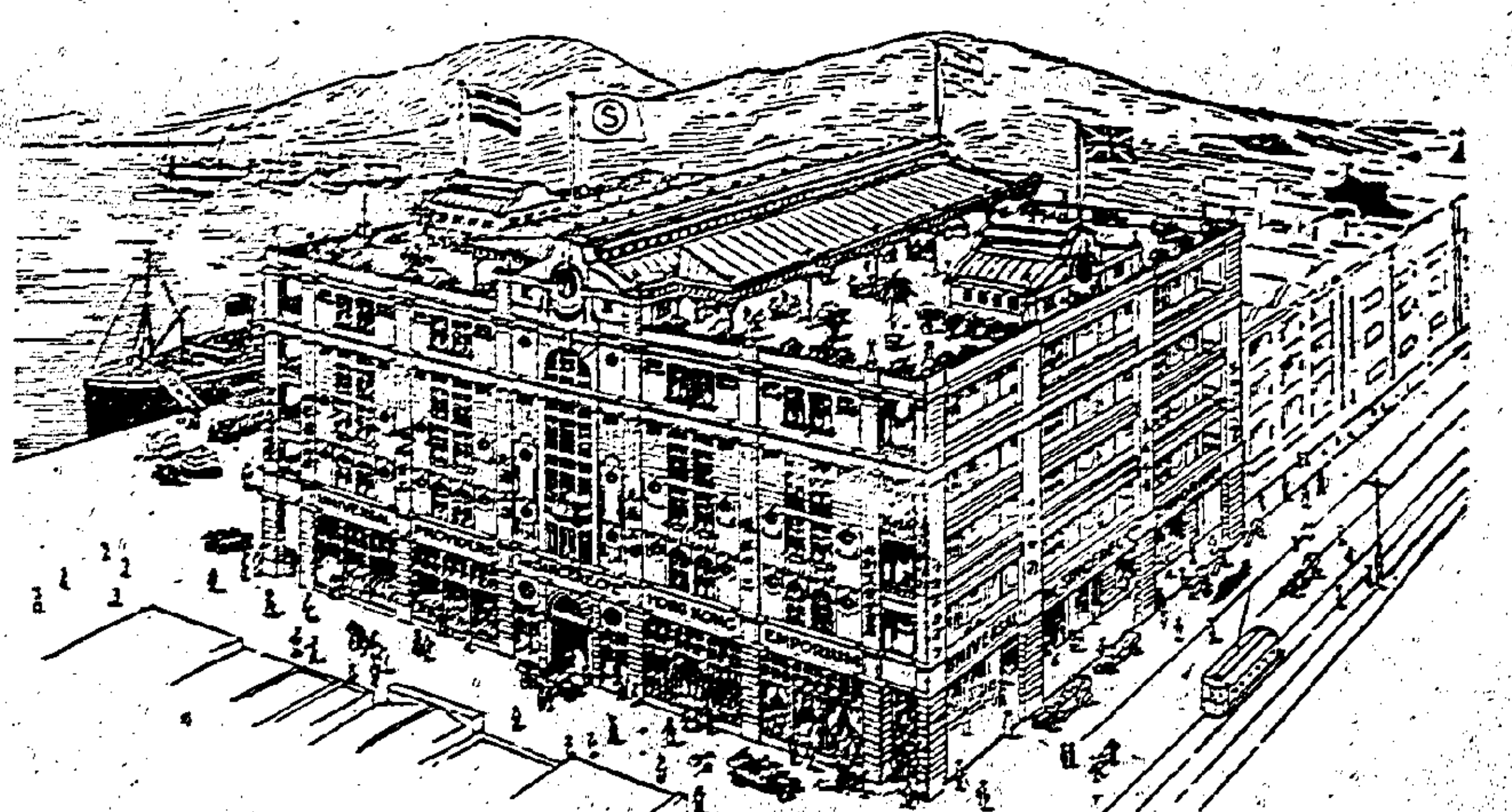
Sailing Subject to Change Without Notice.

Steamers	From	Expected	Will Leave	For
Tjisondari	JAVA 7th Feb. 1916.	14th Feb. 1916.		San Fco.
Karimoen	JAVA 8th Mar. "	15th Mar. "		do
Tjikembang	JAVA 7th Apr. "	11th Apr. "		do
Arakan	JAVA 8th May. "	12th May. "		do

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THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH.

EXTRA

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1916

SAIYINGPUN SCHOOL.

Annual Prize Distribution.

The annual prize distribution in connection with Saiyungpun School was held this morning, when Mr. Ho Kom-tung distributed awards to a large number of students. Amongst those present were, Mr. E. Ralphs, Inspector of Schools, and Mr. R. E. O. Bird, Headmaster of Ellis Kadoorie College.

Mr. Morris, Headmaster, presented his annual report as follows:—I have much pleasure in presenting my 10th annual report. The average attendance for the past year was 325, being slightly lower than in previous years. The maximum monthly enrolment was 390, while the fees collected during the year amounted to \$10,113. There have been several changes in the staff consequent upon promotions and transfers. The school has been without an English assistant master since November 1914, when Mr. Barlow was transferred to Victoria British School. The half yearly and annual examinations were held and the results are on the whole very satisfactory. Following the practice of former years, a number of picnics and excursions were arranged during the summer months. On Empire Day practically the whole school was taken to Cheung Chau where a most enjoyable time was spent. Sports were held on the beach and prizes were awarded.

On the Bank Holiday in July, in conjunction with the other Government Schools, a special train was chartered to Shatin, the outing being of great educational value. Swimming has received much attention, bathing facilities erected by the Government at Sulphur Channel being much patronised and appreciated. The school have both football and volleyball teams which are entered in the Junior Division of their respective Leagues. In football we have not been very successful; in volleyball we have done better, and are second in the League. A number of the senior boys attended the first aid classes held in connection with the Technical Institute, and it is very gratifying to know that the nine successful candidates in the Junior Division were students at this school. To the West River Flood Relief Fund, the school contributed the magnificent sum of \$816.84. Our thanks are due to Mr. Tsao Po-lin for a donation to the Prize Fund; the Hon. Mr. Lau Chu-pak, for the loan of chairs; Mr. Li Ping, for a special prize and the loan of furniture; and Mr. Tam Ho for a free cinematograph performance. We have to thank you, sir, for the very generous special prize valued at \$25 to the top boy in the school and also for your kindness in consenting to come here and honouring us by distributing our prizes. I can assure you, on behalf of the school, that we very much appreciate your generosity and kindness.

In presenting the prizes, Mr. Ho Kom-tung said:—Mr. Ralphs, Mr. Morris and gentlemen,—Having given away the prizes, which has afforded me much pleasure, I will now, as requested by Mr. Ralphs, make a few remarks. At the outset, I must offer my congratulations to the Head Master and his staff on the satisfactory result of the past year's work and to the prize-winners on their success. Those of you boys who have not had a prize need not on that account be discouraged. You all cannot win prizes in respect of the same year; but if you have done your best according to your abilities it is all that is expected of you. After all, the winning of prizes, desirable as it is and honourable in itself, is not the supreme aim of education.

CRICKET.

Scouts Coy. v Rest Volunteer Forces.

The following will represent the Scouts Coy. at Kowloon on Saturday January 29, play commencing at 2.15 p.m.:—Messrs. R. A. Brand, R. Brayshaw, A. L. Gao, E. W. Hamilton, R. O. Hutchison, R. Kennedy, M. M. Mass, R. J. Mitchell, R. E. Muriel, E. B. Reed and N. L. Smith.

How many young men have I seen who, while distinguished in scholastic attainments in school, have become failures in after life, distanced by their less clever class fellows. It is because they lacked health, industry, perseverance or character. No one realises more than I do the importance of acquiring knowledge; but I cannot too strongly impress upon you the equal importance of cultivating your physical and moral beings. In your daily habits you should practice regularity and simple living; in the play-field you should inculcate in yourselves the sense of fair-play, and to learn how to accept defeat or how to regard success; while in the class-room and at your home, let obedience, respect for your senior and kindness to all, industry and perseverance, be your constant watchwords. If you keep these things steadily in view, and practice them, not fitfully but unflinchingly, and with fixity of purpose, the prizes, though they may not come to you in school, will assuredly be yours in after life. There is yet another important subject upon which I wish to touch: it is the necessity for knowing your own language well. When you leave school you all will probably be earning your living either in Hongkong or in China; and if you are incapable of expressing yourself properly in the language of the land, you will be placed at a great disadvantage, no matter in what position you may find yourselves. I would therefore advise those of you who have already had a Chinese education, and those whose education, in that direction has been neglected, to make an earnest endeavour to repair the deficiency. In addition I am pleased to inform you that I have decided to give two further scholarships a year to be known as the Ho Kom-tung and Ralph Scholarships, and they will each be of the value of \$30.

The following is the list of prize winners:—
Class 4.—Li Chung-ze (special) Chan To-sun, Wing Lo-ka, Chan Chi-tai and Ho Ching-hin (Scholarships to Queen's College), Ho Sin-kin.
Class 5 A.—Ng Kwok-choi, Fung Hoi-shun, Tam Sik-ping, and Chan Yik-in.
Class 6 A.—Wong Tai-kwan (Free Scholarship), Un Kwai-yeung and Lo Hin-kung.
Class 6 C.—Chan Chung-shin and Chung Wai-lai.
Class 7 A.—Lam Hon-tin (Free Scholarship), Ng Shan-ki, Tsang Wai-hing and Li Kwok-choi.
Class 7 B.—Wu In-lum and Li King-cheung.
Class 8 A.—Ng Ham-sin (Free Scholarship), Lam Han-ng and Lo Kwok-ping.
Class 8 B.—Luk Wei-sang and Pang Cheung-tat.
Beginners Class.—So Pak and Chung Wai-chun (special).
Good Conduct.—Lo Hon-kum.
Vernacular Class (C 4).—Yung Shan-ki and Lo Wai-kwan.
Class 6.—Tam Yang-ki, Ho Ching-lin and Cheung Wai-lai.
Class 7.—Lam Ham-ng and Wai Pak-him.
Class 8.—Lai King-yam, Yau Man-chun and Pang Cheung-tat.
During the morning a programme of recitations, and a Chinese play, were given by the students.

HONGKONG BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

A Record of Good Work.

The annual meeting of the Hongkong Benevolent Society was held at the City Hall to-day at noon, when, from the Committee's report, it was demonstrated what a useful work this Society is performing. The chair was occupied by the Hon. Mr. David Landale, among those also present being Mrs. Pollock, Mrs. Landale, Mrs. Chatham, Mrs. Patterson, Miss Wilkinson, Lady Rees Davies, Mrs. Carleton, Miss Innes, Mrs. Jordan, Mrs. McKenny, Mrs. Shellim, Mrs. Stubb, Mrs. Tisdale, Mrs. Kemp, Mrs. Edkins, Rev. W. Featherstone, Mr. J. H. Kemp, Mr. W. L. Patterson, Mr. Anderson, and others.

The report of the Committee stated that "this Society was founded in the year 1889, this therefore being the 24th report issued by its Committee, while the record of cases helped during the past twelve months brings the number up to 1,431. There are 37 new cases entered in the books for the year, but others have applied who were not deemed eligible after investigation to receive more than gifts of clothing, and owing to the war, several of those who applied for help in 1914 have been receiving occasional assistance ever since. Twenty-six of these new applicants were men, including 6 American, 5 English, 1 Dutch, 1 Australian, 1 Greek, 1 Norwegian, 1 Indian, 2 Singapore, 2 Filipino and 4 Eurasian. These have all received assistance either by money, or by board being found for them in the Seamen's Institute, or the Home, and by gifts of clothing. The eleven women helped were of nearly as many different nationalities. The boxes of clothing kept in the City Hall have been well used during the past year, several men, as well as women and children, being fitted with all they needed. The Secretary, or Assistant Secretary, are always at the City Hall on Monday and Thursday mornings at 11 o'clock to interview all cases for relief, and are glad to receive at those times gifts of clothing for men, women and children, especially the latter. Several very acceptable gifts of such garments have been sent during the past year, for which grateful thanks are now tendered. The passages or part passages have been paid for nine cases—chiefly of Americans stranded in Hongkong, and unable to obtain work, and desirous of going to Manila. They include 4 Manila, 1 Bangoon, 2 Peking, 2 America, 3 England—one of these last was that of a man sent home in 1914 by the Board of Trade, but the account was not received till the end of this year.

The Grant from the Government of a sum equal to one half of the yearly subscriptions, not exceeding \$500 enables the Society to pay the passages of such cases sent home by the Board of Trade, and to assist others sent to the Committee by the Government. There are at present fourteen children being provided for by the Society in the various schools in the Colony; two little girls, and one boy were left orphans in the summer, with only an elder brother to look after them. He is an apprentice, and earning barely sufficient to keep himself, so the Committee undertook the education of the family. One woman has received a small pension monthly, and one old pensioner has died.

The thanks of the Committee are due especially to Commander Beckwith and to the Rev. W. Featherstone, who have given much time, and trouble, in helping, by assistance, and advice, during the past year. Owing to the war, the Society has had many cases which could

SHARE MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Up to the Minute.

Canton Insurance. — \$415, sales and buyers.
Indo-Chinas (Combined). — \$177, buyers.
Indo-Chinas (Deferred). — \$125, buyers.
Indo-Chinas (Preferred). — \$51, buyers.
Star Fertiliser. — \$36, buyers.
Raab. — \$3.30, buyers.
Shanghai Wharves. — Tls. 90, buyers.
Hongkong Hotels. — \$110, buyers.
Ewos. — \$142, buyers.
Shanghai Cottons. — Tls. 90, sellers.
Cements. — \$8.90, buyers.
Langkats. — Tls. 37, buyers.
Waterboats. — \$16, buyers.
Watsons. — \$61.

not otherwise have been helped, but for the generous gift from the Stewards of the Jockey Club of the sum of \$2,253 for which the Committee publicly tender their most grateful thanks.

The statement as presented by the Hon. Treasurer (Mrs. Chatham) showed that a balance of \$1,429.51 was carried forward from last year. The income had been—\$500, Grant from Government; \$40, interest on Private Fund; \$976, subscriptions; \$1,013, donations; \$2,238.64, special donation from Hongkong Jockey Club; and other small sums, making the total \$7,222.98. There had been \$4,253.61 paid out in donations and relief of cases and after small expenses had been met there was a balance in hand of \$2,832.25.

The Chairman presented the report and financial statement, saying he thought they would agree with him that it was a record of good work and one that should inspire confidence in the minds of subscribers, for they could see that the money was being spent in relieving the sufferings of those who had had the misfortune to be incapacitated. He had been asked to point out that although the receipts had been larger, the expenditure had also increased, due in a great part to the war and the greater need of sustained help. He would like to say that if any steps were taken to get renewed the subscription from the Jockey Club he would give it every assistance. He proposed the adoption of the report and balance sheet.

In seconding, Mr. Anderson, Consul General for America, said that the American element of the community were very grateful to the ladies of the Society for what they were doing. Work of that sort was a particularly thankless job but he could assure them that their efforts were greatly appreciated. He thought that if possible the Committee should try to get a good Reserve Fund to meet the strain after the war. Hongkong was particularly fortunate, as it felt the effect of the war less than most places, and the least they could do was to subscribe to societies such as that.

The report and statement of accounts was then passed. Mr. Kemp proposed, and the Rev. W. Featherstone seconded, that the following ladies be appointed to act for the coming year:—
Patron, Lady May; President, Mrs. Pollock; Vice President, Mrs. Landale; Hon. Treasurer, Mrs. Chatham; Hon. Secretary, Mrs. Patterson; Asst. Hon. Secretary, Miss Wilkinson; Committee, Lady Rees Davies, Mrs. Carleton, Mrs. Jordan, Mrs. McKenny, Mrs. Shellim, Mrs. Stubb, and Mrs. Wolfe.

This was unanimously agreed to, a vote of thanks to the Chairman, proposed by Mr. Pollock, being the meeting.

COMPANY REPORT.

The Hongkong Land Reclamation Co., Ltd.

The fourteenth report of the Board of Directors to the ordinary meeting of shareholders, to be held at the offices of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., at 12.15 p.m. on Tuesday, February 1, states:—

The Directors have now to submit to you a general statement of the affairs of the Company, and balance sheet for the year ending 31st December, 1915.

The net profits for the year, including \$682,660.11 brought forward from last account, after paying all charges amount to \$739,049.37. It is now proposed to pay a dividend of 7% on the paid up Capital, after providing for which and writing off Directors' and Auditors' Fees there remains a balance of \$683,324.37 to be carried to the credit of a New Profit and Loss Account.

Directors.—Mr. C. S. Gubbay and Sir Robert Ho Tung now retire, and offer themselves for re-election.

Audit.—Mr. A. O'D. Gordin having died Mr. O. Bernard Brown has been appointed in his place. The accounts have been audited by Messrs. H. Percy Smith, F.C.A. and C. Bernard Brown, A.C.A. who now retire, and are recommended for re-election.

DAVID LANDALE, Chairman.
Hongkong 15th January, 1916.
Balance Sheet 31st December, 1915.

Liabilities	\$	a.
Capital 25,000 Shares of \$100 each	2,500,000.00	
Issued Capital 12,500 Shares, \$75 per share being called up	937,500.00	
Account Payable	699.24	
Balance of Profit and Loss A/c	739,049.37	
	1,677,248.61	
Assets	\$	a.
Cash	3,678.87	
Amount invested in mortgages	804,000.00	
Amount invested in property	789,684.21	
Loans at call	62,000.00	
Furniture	638.33	
Accounts receivable	17,197.20	
	1,677,248.61	

Profit and Loss Account	\$	a.
To Charges Account	3,873.03	
To Repairs to Property	370.00	
To Crown Rent Account	4,964.50	
To Government Rates Account	436.80	
To Fire Insurance Account	514.75	
Balance to be appropriated as follows:—		
Directors' Fees	5,000.00	
Auditors' Fees	100.00	
Dividend of 7, per cent. for the year	65,625.00	
Balance to be carried to New A/c	668,324.37	
	739,049.37	
	749,208.45	

By Balance from last Account	\$	a.
By Balance	682,660.11	
By Interest Account	9,391.09	
By Scrip Fees	57,141.25	
	749,208.45	

DAVID LANDALE, Directors.
C. P. CHATER.

BRUCE SHEPHERD, Acting Secretary.
We report that we have audited the above Balance Sheet with the Books and Vouchers of the Company and that in our opinion such Balance Sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs at the 31st December, 1915, according to the best of our information and the explanations given us, and as shown by the Books of the Company.

A SEAMAN'S "JOKE."

Foolish Entries in Hotel Register.

What he thought to be a joke had the effect of causing a young American seaman, named Gilbert Nelson Vally, to appear in Court this morning, charged, before Mr. J. R. Wood, at the instance of the Captain Superintendent of Police, with not giving proper information and also with furnishing false information when staying at the Tokyo Hotel on Tuesday.

It appears that accused was given the register of the Hotel in which he wrote his name as "Nelson Vally, B.C." that he arrived "on January 24," that his destination was "Berlin" and that the steamer in which he was going to make the trip was the "Empress of Japan."

It was stated by Chief Detective Inspector Muriel that defendant also described himself as a "female." Defendant actually arrived on January 25. He was a seaman on the Empress of Japan which ran between Hongkong and Vancouver.

Defendant said he was the boy's boy on the boat, he did not know why he did it. He had been on board a long time and wanted to have a good time. It was put up to him to do, and he did not think what he was doing. When he got to his room he thought about going back and scratching it all out, but he did not do so.

The Chief Detective Inspector said the C.S.P. had asked for a nominal penalty to be imposed. His Worship, in imposing a fine of \$5, said that because the police asked for a nominal fine did not mean that he did not regard the offence as serious. That sort of nonsense would not be allowed.

SERIOUS STABBING AFFRAY.

Incident on Board Blue Funnel Steamer.

Yesterday morning the Water Police removed from the Blue Funnel steamer, the s.s. Pinganey, a Chinese passenger who had been stabbed in the abdomen by two men as the vessel was entering the harbour. It is stated that the men had been gambling. The wounded man is now lying at the Government Civil Hospital in a very dangerous condition.

The two men were brought before Mr. Hazeland this morning, when Inspector Gordon asked for a remand.

His Worship.—Is the man going to die?
Inspector Gordon.—I can't say. The doctor says he is in a very dangerous condition.

Defendants, who denied the charge of grievous wounding, were remanded until Saturday, Mr. Hazeland remarking that it would depend upon the doctor as to whether he would take the wounded man's evidence in Hospital.

CRICKET.

Reserves and Volunteers v Scouts.

The following will represent the Reserves and Volunteers against the Scouts Company on the Kowloon Cricket Club Ground, on Saturday, January 29.—Messrs. E. Hancock, (Captain), T. E. Pearce, D. E. Donnelly, H. E. Taylor, F. Sutton, R. C. Witchell, B. D. Evans, R. P. Thursfield, C. Bewick, P. T. Lambe and J. V. Bragg.

We have obtained all the information and explanations we have required.

H. PERCY SMITH, F.C.A., C. BERNARD BROWN, A.C.A., Auditors.
Hongkong, 15th January, 1916.

VOLUNTEER ORDERS.

Corps orders issued to-day by Lieut.-Col. A. Chapman, V.D., state:

Transfer.
No. 1505 Private C.W. Randall, from Civil Service Co. to H.K. Police Reserve (Motor Cyclist Patrol), dated 26.1.16.

Resignation.
No. 1773 Sapper W. Smith is permitted to resign, on leaving the Colony, dated 12.1.15.

Engineer Company.
"Belchers Beliefs" and "Succubers Beliefs" for February are posted on the notice board at Headquarters for information of all concerned.

Parades.

Parades for Friday, 28th inst. 5.15 p.m. Nos. 3 & 4 Sub-sections Artillery Battery. (as detailed in Corps Order No. 4 dated 30.12.15)—10 p.m. gun drill at Headquarters. Sergt. Bradley R.G.A. will attend.

5.15 p.m. No. 4 Section Scouts Co. (all members) Machine Gun instruction at Headquarters. 5.50 p.m. Engineer Co. Squad drill & Musketry exercises on Kowloon Cricket Club Ground, under Sergt. Major High. Rem under Nil.

Detail.
On duty to night No. 1 Section Artillery Battery.

On duty from to-morrow to the morning of 4th Feb. H.K.V.R. Orderly Officer until to-morrow morning Lieut. Weall.

VOLUNTEER RESERVE ORDERS.

H.K.V.R. Order No. 10, issued to-day by Major Wakeman, Commanding H.K.V.R., state:—

Parades for Friday the 28th inst. at 5.15 p.m. "B" Co. on the Cricket Ground. Dress: drill order. Signalling Section at Volunteer Headquarters. Uniform to be worn.

Detail.
On duty from morning of January 28th to the morning of February 4th: "C" Company. Orderly Officer for the same period: Lieut. C. H. Blason.

Notice.
Before the parade of "B" Company on Friday the 28th inst., it is proposed to have the Company photographed at 4.45 p.m. It is particularly requested that all members will attend at that time.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Hongkong Police Reserve Entertainment.

The Victoria Theatre management, always to the fore where helping a good cause is concerned, last night gave a most successful entertainment, under the patronage of the Hon. the Captain Superintendent of Police, to the Hongkong Police Reserves—fifty per cent of the gross proceeds going towards the Police Reserves' fund fund.

The house was crowded to the doors, men in military, naval or police uniform predominating. The Band, under Mr. da Costa, was present in full force and played some excellent selections in good style. Vocal items were contributed by Messrs J. Brooks, J. Murray, A. B. Allen and T. Huxley—all of whom were deservedly encouraged, as were also Mr. H. White for a splendid violin solo, Messrs. Verner and Gordie for their delightful bones and tambourine duet and Messrs. Thorn and White for their harjo contribution. Great amusement and applause were aroused, too, by the conjuring feats of Messrs. McGregor and Murphy.

Some interesting cinematograph pictures were shown, and the Victoria orchestra, under Mr. Monks, played meanwhile.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

GEO. P. LAMMERT.

AUCTIONEER, SHARE & GENERAL BROKER.

The Undersigned has received instructions from the Liquidators of Messrs. F. Blackhead & Co. to sell by Public Auction on

WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY, the 16th & 17th February 1916 commencing each day at 11 a.m.

at Messrs. F. Blackhead & Co.'s Store, Ice House Road. A Large Quantity of Ship-chandler's Stores, etc., etc.

comprising:— Brass check, angle and globe valves, brass elbows, tees, nipples, coupling and unions, brass and iron screws and split pins, iron and wooden blocks, engine-rooms and carpenter's tools, assorted files, engine packing, iron ware for ship use, canvas and rubber hose, paint, varnish and enamel, cooking stoves and utensils.

Also
1 Detachable motor, 2 1/2 H.P. On view from Monday, the 14th February 1916. Catalogue will be issued. Terms: Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMMERT, Auctioneer.

NOTICES.

KEROSENE OIL.

We guarantee all kerosene oil sold by us to be pure and unadulterated.

Present price.—

"COMET."

\$5.45 per case ex store.

"WHITE ROSE."

\$5.65 per case ex store.

CHING CHEONG

168 Des Vaux Road Central (2 blocks West of Cent. Market.)
KWONG YUEN,
91 Des Vaux Road, West

G. R.

Any European, Non-Asiatic or Indian desirous to leave the Colony should apply in writing for permission to do so to the Captain Superintendent of Police, at least 48 hours before the intended hour of departure, giving name, nationality, age, sex, height and occupation of the applicant, and stating the name of the steamer or other vessel or the hour of the train by which the applicant wishes to leave. Applicants should apply in person for their passes at the Central Police Station between the hours of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. daily.
Hongkong 9th July, 1915.

MEE CHEUNG,

PHOTOGRAPH

FLOOD PICTURES

of
CANTON, SHAMEEN,
WEST RIVER

AND

VARIOUS DISTRICTS
NOW ON SALE

Hongkong, 18th July, 1913.

NOTICE.

VICTORIA RECREATION CLUB.

BOXING.

Subject to sufficient entries being received, an Amateur Boxing Competition open to Hongkong will be held in the Gymnasium of the V.R.C. on Friday, February 25th.

Conditions: (a) 3 two-minute rounds. If undecided an extra round of one minute.

(b) In 3 weights: 118 lbs., 132 lbs. and 146 lbs.

(c) Competitors weigh in at V.R.C. on night of February 24th.

Entries Stating weight to be addressed to J. Deakin Esq. c/o V.R.C. before February 15th. No Entrance Fee.

No Competition if less than 18 entries.
The Committee reserve the right to refuse entries.

Don't forget: after the Show, Supper and Light Refreshments at LEONARD A. CAFE, Oper 11 p.m. Midnight.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 28th.

The Thrilling and Beautiful Dramas

"THE SIN OF JEAN PERLOT,"

and

"THE HEART OF MAGGIE MALONE"

INTERESTING

PATHE'S BRITISH GAZETTE.

THE FRENCH TROOPS IN ALSACE

THE MARMOT.

COMICS.

"YOUTH MUST HAVE ITS DAY."

"CHIPS OF THE OLD BLOCK."

NOTICES.

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Sole Distributors for South China and Macao for the OVERLAND and HUDSON Motor Cars, the TRUM-BULL cycle car and the NEW COMET motor Cycles.

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keepers and Shipchangers, Nos. 35 and
37, Central Market Street, (2nd Street west
of 37, Central Market) Telephone 515 one

PUBLIC AUCTION.

A Valuable Collection of Antique Chinese & Curios.

(Just Arrived from the North, being the property of the well known Collector Mr. Lah Ven Kee)

The Undersigned has received instruction to sell by Public Auction on

FRIDAY, the 28th January, 1916 Commencing at 2.30 p.m.

A Valuable Collection of Antique Chinese & Curios from Sung to Ming Dynasties & Karghi to Towkwang periods comprising:—5-coloured, 3-coloured & blue & white vases, plates, bowls, figures, etc.

Sang-de-bouf Vases, white "Goddess of Mercy" Ming Very fine bronze incense burner, Chow do 5-coloured & powder blue vases. Kanghi do famille rose jars. Yung Ching

Old lacquered Screens with 5-coloured decoration & porcelain pictures inlaid in wood, etc., etc.

Also

A few pictures of Finely Carved Soochow Redwood

Catalogue will be issued.

On view from Thursday, the 27th instant.

Terms.—Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

OFFICIAL MARKET PRICES

Hongkong, March 12, 1915
BUTCHER MEAT.

Beef Sirlon—Mai Lung Pa	lb.	19
Prime Cut	"	21
Corned—Ham Ngau Yek	"	19
Roast—Shin	"	19
Breast—Ngau Lam	"	17
Soup—Tung Yek	"	15
Steak—Ngau Yek Pa	"	20
do, Sirlon—Ngau Lam	"	30
Sausages—Ngau Cheung	"	24
Bullock's Brains—No Tongue, fresh—Ngau Li	per set	10
combed—Ham Ngau Li	each	50
Head—Ngau Tau	"	1.00
Heart—Ngau Sam	lb.	14
Hump, Salt—Ngau Kim	"	20
Feet—Ngau Keuk	each	11
Kidneys—Ngau Yin	"	11
Tail—Ngau Mai	"	18
Liver—Ngau Kon	"	13
Tripe (undressed)—Ngau To	"	6
Calves' Head & Feet—Ngau Tsai-tau-keuk	set	1.00
Mutton Chop—Young Pui Kwat	lb.	25
Leg—Young Pui	"	25
Shoulder—Young Shau	"	24
Saddle	"	27
Pigs Chittlings—Chu Cheung	"	27
Brains—Chu No	per	24
Feet—Chu Keuk	lb.	13
Hump, Salt—Chu Chap	"	15
Head—Chu Tau	"	16
Heart—Chu Sam	each	11
Kidneys—Chu Yin	"	18
Liver—Chu Kon	lb.	24
Pork Chop—Chu Pui Kwat	"	24
Corned—Ham Chu Yek	"	28
Leg—Chu Pui	"	28
Fat or Lard—Chu Yau	set	90
Sheep's Head and Feet—Young Tau Keuk	each	60
Heart—Young Sam	"	12
Kidneys—Young Yin	"	12
Liver—Young Kon	lb.	26
Sacking Figs to order—Chu Tsai	"	22
Suet, Beef—Shang Ngau Yau	"	28
Mutton—Shang Young Yau	"	28
Veal—Ngau Tsai Yek	"	19
Sausages—Ngau Tsai Cheung	"	20
Lard—Chu Yau	"	20

POULTRY:

Chicken—Kai Tsai	lb.	35
Capon, Large, Small—Sin Kai	"	34
Ducks—Ap	"	32
Doves—Pan Kau	"	18
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tan (cooking)	per doz	20
(fresh)	"	36
Fowls, Canton—Kai	lb.	42
Hainan—Hoi Nam Kai	"	40
Geese—Ngo	"	24
Pigeons, Canton—Pak Kap	each	28
Hohow—Hoi How Pak Kap	"	25
Snipe—Sha Tsui	each	22
Turkeys, Cock—Fo Kai Kung	lb.	60
Hen—Na	"	45
Pheasant—Shan Kai	"	75
Quail—Om Chun	"	25
Partridges—Che Ku	"	65

FISH.

Barbel—Ka Yu	lb.	16
Bream—Pin Yu	"	18
Canton Fresh Water Fish—Hoi Sin Yu	"	15
Carp—Li Yu	"	20
Catfish—Chit Yu	"	12
Codfish—Man Yu	"	14
Crabs—Hoi	"	26
Cuttle Fish—Muk Yu	"	16
Dab—Sha Mang Yu	"	12
Dace—Wong Mei Lap	"	13
Dog Fish—Tui To Sha	"	10
Eels, Conger—Hoi Man	"	13
Fresh water—Tam Sui Yu	"	18
Eels, Yellow—Wong Sin	"	32
Frogs—Tin Kai	"	33
Garoupa—Shek Pan	"	40
Gudgeon—Pak Kap Yu	"	18
Herrings—Tao Pak	"	20
Habitat—Cheung Kwan Ksp	"	20
Labrus—Wong Fa Yu	"	18
Loach—Wu Yu	"	26
Lobster—Lung Ha	"	28
Mackerel—Chi Yu	"	20
Monk Fish—Mong Yu	"	32
Willet—Chai Yu	"	18
Oysters—Shang Ho	"	22
Parrot Fish—Kai Kung Yu	"	12
Perch—Tau Lo	"	18
Pike—Fa Pau Fong	"	18
Plaice—Pan Yu	"	15
Pomfret, Black—Hak Cheung	"	28
Pomfret, White—Pak Cheung	"	28
Prawns—Ming Ha	"	38
Ray—Pai Pa Sha	"	10
Rock Fish—Shek Kau Kung	"	15
Roach—Chun Yu	"	12
Salmon—Ma Yu	"	30
Shark—Sha Yu	"	7
Sprat—Po Yu	"	8
Shrimps—Ha	"	25
Snapper—Lap Yu	"	28
Soles—Tat Sha Yu	"	26
Tench—Wan Yu	"	18
Turbot—Cho How Yu	"	18
Turkey small, fresh water—Keuk Yu	"	60

FRUITS.

Almonds—Bang Yan	lb.	35
Apples (California)—Kam Shan Ping Kho	"	18
(Chefoo)—Tin Chai Ping Kho	"	18

肉食

Bananas, fragrant, Canton—San Shing Hong Chiu	lb.	3
(brides), Macao—San Heung Chiu	"	3
Chestnuts, Chinese—Fong Lut	"	1
Carambola—Young To	"	1
Cocoanuts—Ye Tse	each	12
Grapes—Fo Tai Tse	lb.	30
Lemons, China—Ling Mung	"	8
America—Kam Shan Ling Mung	"	10
Lichees Dried—Lai Chi, small Stone	lb.	28
Fresh	"	5
Oranges, (Canton)—Shan-shang Tin Ching	"	8
Sweet	"	3
Pears, (American)—Kam Shan Shoot Lay	"	18
(Canton), Cooking—She Li	"	10
Peanuts—Fa Shang	"	10
Plantain—Tai Chin	"	1
Plums—Swatow, Hung Lai	"	14
Pumelo, Siam—Chim Lo Yan	each	14
Shanghai—Lo Kwat	"	15
Walnuts—Hop To	lb.	15
Green—Sang Hop Tao	"	1
Water, Melon—(Am.)—Kam San Sai Kwa	each	1

VEGETABLES, &c.

Artichokes, Shanghai—Sheung-hui Ah Chi	lb.	8
Chenck	"	8
Beans, (French), Macao—Oh Moou Pin Tan	"	8
(French) Shanghai—Sheung Hai Pin	"	8
Sprout—Ah Chai	"	8
Long—Tan Kok	"	8
Best Root—Hung Choi Tan	each	6
Bitter Squash—Fu Kwa	"	8
Brinjals, Green—Ching Yuan Kwa	"	8
Red—Hung Ke	"	8
Cabbage, Chinese, (common)—Kai Tsai	lb.	14
Cabbage, Shanghai—Ye Tsai	"	14
Cane Shoots, bunch—Kam Shun	"	8
Carrots—Kam Shun	lb.	8
Celery, Chinese—Tung Kan Tsai	"	8
Chillies Dried—Kon Lap Chiu	"	10
Red—Hung Fa Chiu	"	10
Green—Ching Lap Chiu	"	10
Carry Stuff, English—Ka Li Chai Liu	"	10
Cucumbers—Ching Kwa	each	2
Garlic—Sun Tan	lb.	8
Ginger, young—Sun Tse Keung	"	8
old—Lo Kung	"	12
Horseradish, Shanghai—Lax Kan	"	12
Indi in Corn—Suk Mai	each	1
Let. ace—Young Shang Tsai	"	1
Water Chestnuts—Ma Tai	lb.	6
Mandarin—Kwai Lam Ya Tai	"	8
Mushrooms, Fresh—Shang Cho Ko	each	35
Wak Maim. Amer.—Kam-san Hoag Kwa	lb.	1
Okra	"	8
Onions Bombay—Young Chong Tan	"	8
Green—Shang Chong	"	8
Shanghai—Sheung-hoi Chong Tan	"	8
Parsley—Kam Tsi	lb.	8
Green Peas—Ching Tan	"	3
Potatoes, Sweet—Fan Shu	"	3
Shanghai—Sheung-hoi Sun Tse	"	3
Japan—Yat Pun Shu Tsai	"	8
American—Fa Ki Shu Tsai	"	8
Foochow—Fook-chow Shu Tsai	"	3
Pumpkin—Tong Kwa	"	5
Radish—Hung Lo Pak Tsai	"	5
Rubarb (Fresh)—Tsi Wong	"	1
Sage—Tse So	"	8
Shallots—Kon Chung Tan	"	8
Spinach—Yin Tsai	"	5
Tomatoes—Fan Ke	"	6
Taro—Wu Tse	"	4
Turnips, Panki, (Long)—Lo Pak	"	4
English—Young Lo Pak	"	4
Vegetable Marrow—Chit Pa	"	4
(American)—Kam-san Chiu	"	12
Water Cress—Sai Young Tsai	"	6
Lily root—Lin Ngau	"	6
Yams—Ta Shu	"	1
English—Young Kan Choi	"	1
Tau	"	1

生口

Chicken—Kai Tsai	lb.	35
Capon, Large, Small—Sin Kai	"	34
Ducks—Ap	"	32
Doves—Pan Kau	"	18
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tan (cooking)	per doz	20
(fresh)	"	36
Fowls, Canton—Kai	lb.	42
Hainan—Hoi Nam Kai	"	40
Geese—Ngo	"	24
Pigeons, Canton—Pak Kap	each	28
Hohow—Hoi How Pak Kap	"	25
Snipe—Sha Tsui	each	22
Turkeys, Cock—Fo Kai Kung	lb.	60
Hen—Na	"	45
Pheasant—Shan Kai	"	75
Quail—Om Chun	"	25
Partridges—Che Ku	"	65

海鮮

魚嘉	English, —Yeung Lo Pak	...	...	...	...
魚扁	Vegetable Marrow, —Chit	...	...	...	...
魚鮮海	(American), —K	...	...	...	...
魚赤	Water Grass, —Sai Yeung Tsai	...	...	...	...
魚紫	Lily root, —Lin Ngau	...	...	...	...
魚紫	Yams, —Ta Shu	...	...	...	...
魚紫	Enziah, —Yeung Kan Choi	...	...	...	...
魚紫	Tsu	...	...	...	...
魚紫	The above prices are in accordance with the G	...	...	...	...
魚紫	of maximum charges fixed by Proclamation as re	...	...	...	...
魚紫	30th ult. The Proclamation also contained the foll	...	...	...	...
魚紫	of maximum retail prices:—	...	...	...	...
魚紫	1. Flour:—	...	...	...	...
魚紫	(a) Highest Grade. per bag of 50 lbs.,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	per lb.,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	(b) Second Grade. per bag of 50 lbs.,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	per lb.,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	(c) Third Grade. per bag of 50 lbs.,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	per lb.,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	2. Tinned Milk:—	...	...	...	...
魚紫	(a) Sweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	(b) Unsweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	(c) Sterilized Milk, per tin, (18 oz.),	...	...	...	...
魚紫	(d) Sterilized Milk, per 1 litre tin,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	(e) Eagle Brand, per 1 lb. tin,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	(f) Skimmed Milk, per 1 lb. tin	...	...	...	...
魚紫	3. Sugar:—	...	...	...	...
魚紫	Cube, (in 6 lb. tins), per tin,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	Refined Crystallized, per lb.,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	Granulated, per lb.,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	Soft, No. 1 quality, per lb.,	...	...	...	...
魚紫	No. 2	...	...	...	...
魚紫	Cooking Salt, 2 cents per lb.	...	...	...	...
魚紫	4. Frozen Meat:—	...	...	...	...
魚紫	The Dairy Farm prices for frozen food and other s	...	...	...	...
魚紫	on 1st, September, 1914, with all changes in prices	...	...	...	...
魚紫	not are the maximum retail prices for the articles e	...	...	...	...
魚紫	the price list of that date. [Approved copies signed	...	...	...	...
魚紫	man and the Secretary of the Food Committee can b	...	...	...	...
魚紫	the Treasury or on the premises of the Dairy Farm	...	...	...	...
魚紫	Wyndham Street.]	...	...	...	...
魚紫	5. Market Produce:—(See above)	...	...	...	...
魚紫	6. The prices of provisions imported from coun	...	...	...	...
魚紫	China (excepting those above enumerated) may not	...	...	...	...
魚紫	than 15 per cent. above the retail prices prevailing	...	...	...	...
魚紫	on the 25th July 1914.	...	...	...	...

RUBBER SHARE REPORT.

STERLING SHARES.

PRICES BY MAIL From SINGAPORE Dated January 19th, 1916.

Nom. Value.	Buyers.	Sellers.
2/- Allagar	1/8	2/0
1 Anglo-Java	12/0	14/0
2/- Anglo-Malay	9/6	10/8
2/- Batang Malaka	2/6	2/8
1 Batu Tiga (Selangor)	50/-	60/-
2/- Bekoh	2/2	2/6
1 Bukit Kajang	37/6	40/-
1 Bukit Lintang	60/-	65/-
2/- Bukit Mertajam	2/3	2/7 1/2
1 Bukit Rajah	100/-	105/-
2/- Bukit Sembawang	2/1	2/4 1/2
1 Castlefield (Klang)	30/-	35/-
2/- Chersonese (F.M.S.)	3/-	3/3
1/6 Chimpul	17 1/2	17/-
2/- Cicely	13/6	15/6
2/- Pref.	12/-	13/6
2/- Consolidated Malay	8/-	9/-
1 Damansara (Selangor)	60/-	65/-
1 Dennistown	21/3	23/9
1 Duff Development	4/6	6/-
2/- Edinburgh	6/-	6/9
1 Golconda Malay	41/3	43/9
1 Haioo	9/-	11/-
2/- Heawood	1/10	2/3
1 Highlands & Lowlands	50/-	55/-
1 Inch Kenneth	50/-	55/-
2/- Jasin	1/7	2/-
2/- Kamuning Perak	2/-	2/6
1 Kapar Para	35/-	40/-
2/- Kota Tinggi Johore	1/6	2/-
1 Kuala Lumpur	70/-	75/-
2/- Labu (F.M.S.)	5/-	6/-
1 Lanadon	37/6	45/-
1 Lanang (Java)	30/-	35/-
1 Ledbury	40/-	46/-
2/- Linggi Plantations Ord.	18/6	20/-
2/- London A. R. and Prod.	6/6	7/3
1 Lumut	35/-	37/6
1 Malacca R. P. Ord.	40/-	45/-
2/- Pref.	70/-	77/-
2/- Merlimau	3/9	4/2
1 Mount Austin	17/-	18/-
1 Ner-anal	17/6	18/-
2/- Padang Jawa	2/-	2/3
2/- Pataing	30/-	33/6
2/- Perak	4/-	4/3
1 Permas	17/6	20/-
1 Pegoh	35/-	40/-
2/- Port Dickson	1/8	2/-
1 Rembia o. d.	17/-	20/-
1 Rembia Pref.	18/-	20/-
12/8 Rubber Plant Invest Trust	10/9	12/6
1 Sagga	110/-	115/-
1 Sapong	10/-	15/-
1 Seaford	75/-	80/-
2/- Selangor	19/-	22/6
1 Serdang	20/-	22/-
1 Seremban	17/6	20/-
1 Sheldford	21/-	22/6
1 Sialang	45/-	50/-
2/- Singapore Para	2/3	2/4 1/2
2/- Sing-pore United	2/-	2/3
2/- Strait Settlements (Bertam)	3/6	4/-
2/- Sumatra Para	6/3	7/-
1 Sungai Choh	50/-	55/-
2/- Sungai Kapar	7/-	8/-
1 Sungai Salak	50/6	53/9
1 Sungai Way	70/-	74/-
1 Tebrau (Johore)	50/-	50/-
1 United Sui Betong	12/-	17/-
2/- United Serdang Sumatra	9/6	10/6
2/- United Sumatra	3/3	7/-
2/- United Temiang	1/7 1/2	2/-
2/- Vallambrosa	15/-	16/9

DOLLAR SHARES.

1 Alor Gajah	3/30	3/50
1 Ayer Kuning	1/15	1/30
1 Ayer Molek	2/10	2/10
1 Ayer Panas	8/00	8/75
1 Baidjowin	5/00	5/50
1 Bukit Jelutong	75	70
1 Bukit Katil	75	75
10 Bukit Timah	12/00	12/00
1 Changkat Serdang	8/00	8/00
1 Glenealy	1/35	1/55
5 Haytor	7/50	8/50
10 Indragiri	10/00	11/00
1 Jeram	1/30	1/45
1 Jim h	75	85
5 Kelebek	4/10	4/50
2 Kempas	4/50	4/80
5 Lunas	4/50	4/85
1 Malaka Pinda	1/50	2/10
2 Malakoff	4/00	4/20
1 Mandai Tekong	70	70
2 Merzui	3/10	3/30
2 New Serendah	2/50	2/90
5 Nyalas	4/50	4/80
5 Pajm	15/57	16/50
1 Pantai	1/40	1/55
10 Pulau Bulang \$8.50 pd.	6/00	3/00
1 Punsgror	70	80
5 Radella	9/50	10/50
2 Sandykroft	8/50	9/50
2 Sungai Bagan	2/15	2/25
1 Tambalak	80	90
10 Tapah	15/00	15/50
5 Teluk Anson	9/25	9/75
2 Trafalgar	1/00	1/20
1 Ulu Pandan	50	60
1 United Malacca	1/10	1/20

WRIGHT & HORNBY,

Share and General Brokers 6, Des Vieux Road Central.

Tel. address, Rectitude.

THE TELEGRAPH DOES NOT HOLD ITSELF RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE QUOTATIONS.

NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Our Bread is made from the Best Quality Flour only and can be obtained and orders taken at AH WEEN DAIRY, 31 Peking Road, ON LEE Compradore, Haiphong Road, HUNG CHE NG, Compradore, Haiphong Road, KWONG FOON, Compradore, Haiphong Road, KWONG YUEN MOW, Compradore, Haiphong Road, LIM KEE, Compradore, Macao.

Orders may be left with the above for any of our products. We put up absolutely the Best Tiffins and Dinners—a new Menu for Each Meal. Price—one Dollar Each, or 30 Meals for \$30.00 good for any meal or a la Carte up to 75 Cents.

We Guarantee every thing put up and Sold by the Alexandra Cafe to be of first Class Quality. Try our own make Pork Sausages and Pork Pies. Pure Java Coffee Roasted and Ground Daily and put up in 1 lb. Tins at 75 Cents. We give you a Splendid Cup of Lipton's Tea. Minerals and soft drinks of every description. Just give us a Trial and you will be more than a Satisfied.

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE

R. J. HOWARD, Sole Proprietor.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1883

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE MANILA ROPE

8 STRAND CABLE LAID 4 STRAND

1 1/2 to 15" 5" to 15" 3" to 10"

CIRCUMFERENCE CIRCUMFERENCE CIRCUMFERENCE

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

Prices, Samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application

SHEWAN TOMES & CO., General Managers.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Company.

in which are vested the shares of THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE CO. LTD.

THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER 1914

I—Authorized Capital—\$5,000,000

Subscribed Capital—4,500,000

Paid-up Capital—\$4,375,000

II—Life Funds—3,837,047

III—Life and Annuity Funds—17,671,490

Sinking Fund Account—12,250

Revenue Fire Branch—\$4,375,000

Life and Annuity—3,837,047

Branches—\$2,141,593

Marine Department—337,239

Other Receipts—478,940

The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested and by Act of Parliament are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's business.

Yorkshire Insurance Co., Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 1884.

The Undersigned AGENTS for the above Company are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against

FIRE at Current Rates.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.

AGENTS.

THE WEEKLY TELEGRAPH.

CONTAINS ALL THE NEWS.

The most complete Mail Supplement in the Colony.

Contains all the news of the week in a most attractive form and is the paper for mailing to friends at Home.

Price per single copy—25 cents.

Annual Subscription—\$13 (including postage \$17).

— PHOTOGRAPH —

The photograph on the current issue is a picture Hongkong, Westward.

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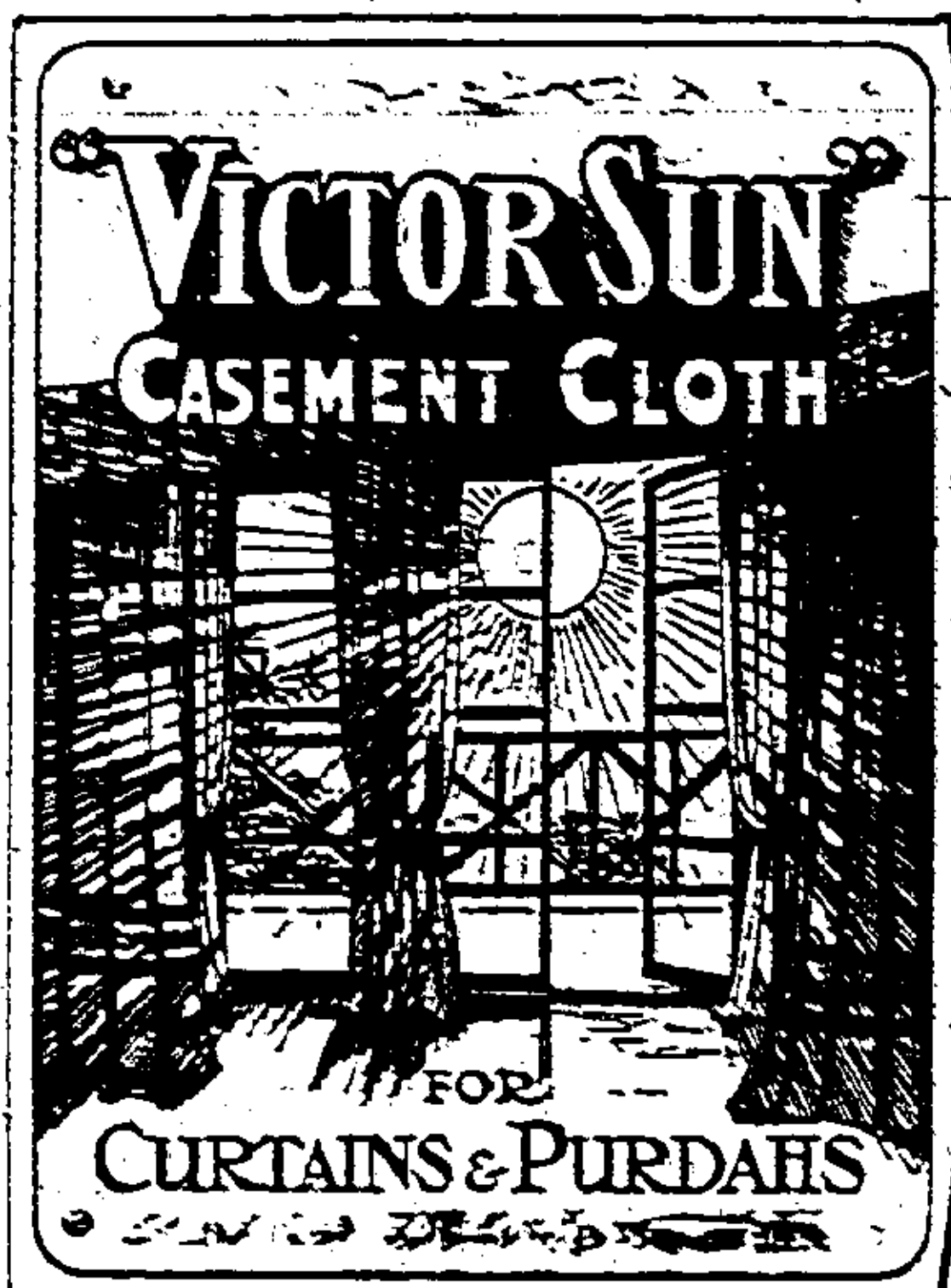
WHITEAWAY'S

FURNISHING DEPT.

IMPORTANT NEW DELIVERY

CASEMENT CLOTHS

with hand-ome floral borders on both sides



1,000 yards in many new and attractive designs, and different colours.

Width 48 inches.

Prices 80 cents and 95 cents per yard.

Patterns post free on application.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & Co., LTD.

20, DES VIEUX ROAD, HONGKONG.

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG LAND RECLAMATION COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co. Ltd. on Tuesday 1st February, 1916, at 12.15 p.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1915.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY 20th Jan. to TUESDAY 1st February 1916 (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be Registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE, Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 13th January 1916.

NOTICES.

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given that the Twenty-eighth Ordinary Meeting of Shareholders in this Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co. Ltd. on Tuesday 1st February 1916 at noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of Directors together with Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1915. The Register of shares of the Company will be closed from Thursday 20th January to Tuesday 1st February 1916 (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be Registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE, Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 13th January, 1916.

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG GENERAL ESTATE LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co. Ltd. on Tuesday 1st February 1916, at 11.45 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report of Directors together with the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1915.

THE REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY 2nd January to TUESDAY 1st February 1916 (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be Registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE, Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 13th January, 1916.

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By Order of the Board of Directors.

MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE, Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 13th January, 1916.

NOTICES.

WAR DEPARTMENT CONTRACTS.

G. R.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Headquarters Office, Victoria Barracks, Hongkong, until noon on the undermentioned dates for the following services:

Meat Monday, 7th February, 1916.

Fuel (Coal, etc.) General Supplies Thursday, 15th February, 1916.

Hospital Supplies Monday, 14th February, 1916.

Washing Thursday, 17th February, 1916.

Barrack Services Thursday, 17th February, 1916.

Forms and other particulars may be obtained personally between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. or by letter to the D.A.D. of Supplies and Transport, Victoria Barracks, Hongkong.

Tender Forms must be properly filled up signed and dated, and no tender will be considered unless made out on the proper Form and delivered by 12 noon on the above dates in a closed envelope marked "Tender for Forage, etc." Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of \$0.50 as a guarantee of good faith. Such sum to be forfeited to the State if the Tenderer refuses to accept a Contract allotted to him, or to attend at Headquarters Office when called upon.

The right to reject all, or any, Tenders is specially reserved.

WAR DEPARTMENT CONTRACTOR.

G. R.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Headquarters Office, Victoria Barracks, Hongkong, until 12 o'clock noon on the 24th day of February, 1916, for Indian Supplies.

Forms and other particulars may be obtained personally between the hours of 10 a.m. or by letter to the D.A.D. of Supplies and Transport, Victoria Barracks, Hongkong.

Tender Forms must be properly filled up, signed and dated, and no tender will be considered unless made out on the proper form and delivered by 12 noon on the above date in a closed envelope marked "Tender for Indian Supplies". Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of \$100 as a guarantee of good faith.

Such sum to be forfeited to the State if the Tenderer refuses to accept a Contract allotted to him, or to attend at Headquarters Office when called upon.

The right to reject all, or any, tenders is specially reserved. Hongkong, January 25th, 1916.

NOTICE.

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

(Capital Paid up—\$1,250,000.)

Loans on Mortgage of House Property, &c.

Goods received on Storage.

Advances made on Merchandise.

Loans made on the Provident System.

(Rates and Particulars on application).

The OFFICE OF TRUSTEE, EXECUTOR, OF WILL, ATTORNEY, &c.

Undertaken and Executed: SHEWAN, TOMES & Co. General Managers.

Hongkong, 19th March, 1890.

HIMROD'S

Gives Instant Relief. No matter what your cough or wheezing may be, HIMROD'S CURE FOR ASTHMA will give you instant relief.

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, INFLUENZA, CROUP, COUGHS, &c.

— you will find in this remedy a powerful power that is simply irresistible.

SEND FOR FREE TRIAL. HIMROD'S CURE FOR ASTHMA. Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

MAN LOONG.

FIRST-CLASS PRESERVED, SHAMPOO AND SOY MANUFACTURERS.

Factory at Yau-mat.

OFFICE: No. 28, Des Vieux Road, W. Telephone No. 177 & K. T. T. WE are the leading Manufacturers in this class of Goods. Our Fruit & Ginger are all fresh and of the first pick. Our Syrup is prepared from the best quality of Sugar. We give our special attention to the business and sanitary arrangements.

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE cannot be beaten. It is equalled for Bread, Cakes, Confectionery and meat with Wines & Liquors.

COMMERCIAL.

Shanghai's Import of Tin Plates and Galvanised Iron.

There is a decided decrease in the amount of tin plates imported into Shanghai for the quarter ended September 30, 1915, the total amount being 11,596 piculs and for the same quarter in 1914, 39,017 piculs, showing a decrease of 27,421 piculs. Galvanised iron sheets imported into Shanghai also show a very large increase for the quarter ended September 30, 1915, the total amount imported being 12,686 piculs and for the same quarter in 1914, 5,818 piculs, giving an increase of 6,868 piculs.

Raw Silk Market at Lyons.

H.M. Consul at Lyons (Mr. E. R. E. Vicens) has furnished the following account of the Lyons raw silk market during the first nine months of 1915.—It was inevitable that silk, as essentially an article of luxury, should be one of the first commodities to suffer as a result of the situation brought about by the outbreak of the European war, and consumption immediately showed a marked decrease in every quarter of the globe. Simultaneously with this, production also declined heavily owing to the closing of many factories, both in Europe and the Far East, and the difficulties in the way of shipments from China and Japan, which have reduced exports for the 1914-15 season by as much as 23 per cent. for Japan, 61 per cent. for Shanghai, and 33 per cent. for Canton. Moreover, the eventual entry of Turkey into the hostilities had the effect of cutting off supplies of Levant and Central Asiatic silk and cocoons. In the face of such a situation it was inevitable that prices on the Lyons market should fall heavily all round. Towards the end of last year, however, prices appeared to be becoming steadier, and the opening of 1915 was marked by a distinct improvement in the tone of the market, which has been maintained, with but slight occasional relapses, up to the time of writing (October), owing to an increase in the volume of transactions. At the beginning of May, 1915, prices had recovered from 5 to 10 per cent. on various kinds of silk. The declaration of war by Italy had the immediate effect of checking business, owing to the increased difficulties of transport and correspondence, coupled with the violent fluctuations in the Italian exchange. Meanwhile, Lyons manufacturers of silk goods received considerable orders, purchases for which must have exercised a favourable effect on silk prices; but, owing to the lack of qualified workmen and the scarcity of dyestuffs, the manufacturers were obliged to decline part of these orders. Matters remained practically unchanged throughout June, the conclusion of the silk harvest failing to exercise its usual influence on the market. In July, however, business became decidedly more active under a lively demand for silk goods from both London and the United States. The market also benefited by a revival in the Swiss silk manufacturing industry, which imported much of its supplies of raw material from Lyons. The month of August saw steady continuation of a large demand for silk, accompanied by a gradual improvement in prices. September started well, but the month generally was distinctly quieter, though prices remained firm. European reapers show great stiffness in accepting new contracts. Shanghai steam flatures have been in considerable demand owing to the high prices asked for Japanese sorts; the latter are very scarce on the Lyons market, shipments this season from Yokohama to Europe amounting to only 8,400 bales against 4,125 bales in 1914-15 and 18,000 bales in 1913-14. Cantons, greatly in demand of late, especially in average qualities for crepes, are now less in favour, owing to their rapid advance in price, and their deterioration in quality, consequent on the havoc wrought in the spinning mills by destructive floods in July.

SHARE REPORT.
COMPARATIVE SHARE QUOTATIONS.

STOCK.	To-day's Closing Prices	Number of Shares	Par Value	Paid Up	1914. Highest	1914. Lowest	1915. Highest Since 14th May. to now	1915. Lowest Since 14th May. to now	Last Dividend and Date
Banks.									
H'kong & Shanghai Banking Corp.	\$815 ss & b. 273/10	120,000	\$125	all	855	July	700	Oct. 845	div. 790 c. div. {22 1/2% at 1/9 5/16 equal to \$24.21 for 12 year 30/8/15
Marine Insurances.									
Canton Insurance Office, Ltd.	415 ss & b.	10,000	\$250	50	350	Dec.	305	Oct. 425	360 {Final of \$4 a/c 1913. Interim of \$18 a/c 1914.
North China Ins. Co., Ltd.	182 1/2 ss & b.	10,000	\$15	25	145	May	133	Jan. 180	160 {Final of 12 1/2 p.c. making 25 p.c. for 1914
Union Ins. Society of C'oon, Ltd.	591 1/2 ss & b.	12,400	\$250	100	847 1/2	April	700	Oct. \$97 1/2	\$855 {Final of \$20 and bonus of \$5 making \$55 for 1913 and Interim of \$30 for 1914
Yangtze Ins. Assoc. Ltd.	\$265	12,000	\$100	60	210	April	193 1/2	Jan. 270	225 {Final of \$15 mak. \$18 for 1913 & Int. of \$3 for 1914
Fire Insurances.									
China Fire Ins. Co., Ltd.	\$152 ss & b.	20,000	\$100	20	160	July	140	Oct. 162	130 \$9 for 1913
H'kong Fire Ins. Co., Ltd.	\$410 ss & b.	8,000	\$250	50	355	Feb.	363	April 420	385 \$27 for 1913
Shipping.									
Douglas Steamship Co., Ltd.	\$115 1/2 ss & b.	20,000	\$30	all	36	Mar.	27 1/2	Nov. 118	45 \$4 1/2 for year ending 30.6.15
Hongkong, C. & M.S.S. Co., Ltd.	20 1/2 ss & b.	80,000	\$15	all	29 1/2	Jan.	22	Dec. 23	19 {Final of 40 cts. making 90 cts. for year ending 31.12.14
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.	Combined \$177 1/2 ss & b. Deferred \$126 1/2 ss & b. Preferred \$51 ss & b.	60,000 \$5	all	79	Jan.	50	Sept.	182	96 {6 p.c. on p.a. & 3 p.c. on d.a. for year 1914. a/c quoted ex 9 p.c. div. in H.K. from 22.9.15. an interim div. of 6 p.c. on the combined a/c paid in London 22.9.15 quoted ex div. in H.K. 11.12.15
Shell T'port & Trading Co., Ltd.	\$9 1/2 ss & b.	3,797,610	\$1	all	106 1/2	Feb.	70 1/2	Sept. 90 1/2	div. 82 1/2 {Interim of 2 1/2 (Coupon No 25) making 7 1/2 for 1915
Star Ferry Company, Ltd.	\$36 ss & b.	40,000	\$10	all	49	Mar.	40	Nov. 39	32 {150 per share and bonus of 40 cents per share for year ending 30.4.15
Refineries.									
China S. Refining Co., Ltd.	\$132 ss & b.	20,000	\$100	all	96 1/2	Feb.	70	Nov. 134	111 \$3 for 1912
Luzon S. Refining Co., Ltd.	\$37 ss & b.	7,000	\$100	all	31	Jan.	17	Dec. 46	27 1/2 \$3 for 1897
Mining.									
Kailan Mining Administration	30 1/2 ss & b.	100,000	\$1	all	4 1/2	Feb.	33 1/2	Dec. 33 1/2	30 1/2 {Interim of 1 1/2 account year ending 30.6.15 (Coupon No. 5.) 1 1/2 for 1909
Raub Australian Gold Mining Co., Ltd.	3.20 ss & b.	200,000	\$1	all	3.10	Jan.	1.90	Nov. 4	3 1/2 {25 1/2 b. 1/2 interim a/c 1915 paid 12.7.15
Tromoh Mines Ltd.	27 1/2 ss & b.	160,000	\$1	all	39 1/2	Feb.	19 1/2	Nov. 32 1/2	37 1/2 {1 1/2 interim 1915
Ural Caspian	38 1/2 ss & b.	756,666	\$1	all	56 1/2	Feb.	21 1/2	Nov. 41	37 1/2
Docks, Wharves and Godowns &c.									
H'kong & K.W. & G. Co., Ltd.	\$75 ss & b.	60,000	\$50	all	89	Jan.	73	Nov. 81 1/2	68 \$3.50 for year 9 4
H.K. & W.D. Co., Ltd.	\$81 1/2 ss & b.	20,000	\$50	all	77	Jan.	53	Oct. 88 1/2	57 \$3 dividend for year 1914
Shai Dock & Eng. Co., Ltd.	60 ss & b.	50,700	\$100	all	60	July	50	Dec. 63 1/2	49 ex div. Tls. 3 for year ending 30.4.15
Shai & H'ew W. Co., Ltd.	90 ss & b.	35,000	\$100	all	109	Jan.	82 1/2	Dec. 93 1/2	80 Tls. 5 for 1914
Lands, Hotels and Buildings.									
Anglo French Lands	194 ss & b.	13,000	\$100	\$100	28	July	120	Dec. 116	108 Tls. 6 1/2 for year ending 29.2.14
Hong Hotel Co., Ltd.	\$110 ss & b.	20,000	\$50	50	28	July	120	Dec. 116	108 {Tls. 250 for half year ending 30.6.15
H'kong Land Investment Co.	\$105 ss & b.	50,000	\$100	all	117 1/2	July	98	Nov. 111 1/2	108 {3 1/2 for year ending 30.6.15
H'ehrs Estate & F. Co., Ltd.	6 1/2 ss & b.	100,000	\$10	all	9 1/2	Jan.	7	Nov. 7 1/2	6.10 {45 cts. for year 1914
K'loon Land & Building Co., Ltd.	\$4 ss & b.	6,000	\$50	50	45 1/2	Jan.	44	Feb. 40	40 {3 1/2 for 1914
Shanghai Lands	167 ss & b.	78,000	\$50	all	98	Dec.	89	Oct. 106	101 {Dividend of 6 p.c. for 1 year ending 30.6.15
West Point Building Co., Ltd.	\$34 ss & b.	19,200	\$50	all	73	June	66	Feb. 84	70 {2 for half year ending 30.6.15
H'kong (Central Estates)	\$103 ss & b.	10,000	\$100	all	73	June	66	Feb. 84	100 {4.09 for 7 months ending 31.12.14
Cotton Mills.									
Ewo Cotton S. & W. Co., Ltd.	\$149 1/2 ss & b.	20,000	\$50	all	138	July	135	May 180	135 Tls. 16 for year ending 31.10.15
Sung Yik	\$131 ss & b.	75,000	\$10	all	142	Jan.	11	Mar. 17	13 1/2 Tls. 1.50 for year ending 30.11.15
Lau Kung Mow	71 ss & b.	8,000	\$100	all	100	Feb.	70	May 89	80 Tls. 12 for 1913
Shanghai Cottons	60 ss & b.	40,000	\$50	all	35	Feb.	70	Nov. 105	90 {Dividend of Tls. 7 1/2 for year ending 30.6.15
Yangtzepees	16 ss & b.	175,000	\$5	all	—	—	—	—	6 1/2 5 1/2
Miscellaneous.									
China Borneo Company, Ltd.	\$10 1/2 ss & b.	60,000	\$12	all	12	May	10	Dec. 10	10 85 cents for 1914
China Light & Power Co., Ltd.	\$4.80 ss & b.	50,000	\$5	all	4.50	July	4	April 4 1/4	4 1/4 {6% for year ending 28.2.06
Do. (Spec. shares)	10 ss & b.	125,000	\$10	all	9	Jan.	7	Nov. 10.10	8.00 {70 cts. for 1914
China Prov. L. & M. Co., Ltd.	10 ss & b.	40,000	\$7 1/2	6	39	June	35	Aug. 34	31 {12.5 for year ending 31.7.15
Dairy Farm Company, Ltd.	\$29 ss & b.	400,000	\$10	all	6.90	Jan.	6	Dec. 11	6.70 {50 cts. for 1914
Green Island Cement Co., Ltd.	\$20 ss & b.	60,000	\$10	all	49	Jan.	36	Nov. 45	39 {20.00 per share for 1914
Hongkong Electric Co., Ltd.	\$45 ss & b.	6,000	\$15	all	217 1/2	July	174	Dec. 190	184 {Interim of \$2 account 1915
Hongkong Ice Co., Ltd.	\$180 ss & b.	60,000	\$10	all	25	June	22	Apr. 43 1/2	25 {Interim \$1 for year ending 30.6.15
Hongkong Rope Mfg. Co., Ltd.	\$31 ss & b.	325,000	\$5	all	13 1/2	July	7 1/2	Feb. 5.20	4.80 {10% for 1914
Hongkong Tramway Co., Ltd.	5 1/2 ss & b.	250,000	\$10	all	64 1/2	Mar.	28	Dec. 42	36 1/2 {Interim of Tls. 1 making Tls. 2 a/c 1913
Langkats	137 1/2 ss & b.	25,000	\$10	all	101 1/2	Jan.	94	June 10	9 {70 cts. on fully paid shares and 7 cts. on 3 paid shares for year ending 30.4.15
Peak Tramway Co., Ltd. (Old)	\$10 ss & b.	50,000	\$10	all	93	Jan.	75	Dec. 81	80 cts. {80 cts.
Do. (New)	85 cts. ss & b.	75,000	\$10	all	—	—	—	—	— {None
Philippines Ld.	\$4 ss & b.	12,000	\$10	all	—	—	—	—	— {None
H. Price & Co., Ltd.	\$5 ss & b.	13,200	\$50	all	—	—	—	—	— {None
Societe des Pulpes et Papier	\$20 ss & b.	20,000	\$5	all	5.00	June	4	Nov. 3 1/2	3.00 {25 cts. for year ending 31.5.15
terres du Tonkin	\$20 ss & b.	20,000	\$5	all	5.00	June	4	Nov. 3 1/2	3.00 {10.00 per share for year ending 31.12.14
Steam Laundry Co., Ltd.	\$3 1/2 ss & b.	27,723	\$10	all	22 1/2	Feb.	17	Jan. 18	16 {10.00 per share for year ending 31.12.14
Union Water-boat Co., Ltd.	\$16 1/2 ss & b.	90,000	\$10	all	8 1/2	April	6.90	Dec. 6.90	div. 6 1/2 {div. 60 cts. for 1914
Watson and Co., Ltd.	\$6 1/2 ss & b.	91,000	\$7	all	9 1/2	Jan.	6 1/2	Dec. 7	5 1/2 {50 cts. on old shares and 50 cts. on new shares for year ending 30.6.14
William Powell, Limited.	\$5 1/2 ss & b.	6,000	\$55	all	30	June	92	Dec. 29	29 {1.50 for 1914
S. C. Morning Post	\$29 ss & b.	6,000	\$55	all	30	June	92	Dec. 29	29 {1.50 for 1914

LATEST RUBBER QUOTATIONS.

Anglo-Java Estates Ltd. Tls. 17 1/2 buyers.	Ayer Panas (Straits) \$9.00 buyers.	Kempas (Straits) \$5 buyers.	Sandoroffs (Straits) \$6.00 buyers.
Anglo Dutch Tls. 8 buyers.	Balgownie (Straits) \$6 buyers.	Malaka Pindas (Straits) \$2 1/4 buyers.	Pajans (Straits) \$16 1/2 buyers.
Linggis \$1 buyers.	Changkat Serdangs (Straits) \$3 1/2 buyers.	Malakoffs (Straits) \$4 1/2 buyers.	New Serendah \$2.75 buyers.
Nordnals 19/- buyers.			

WRIGHT & HORNBLY.

CORRECTED TO noon, JAN. 27, 1916.

ANY SUBSEQUENT ALTERATIONS WILL BE FOUND IN "UP TO THE MINUTE SHARE MARKET NEWS" THE TELEGRAPH DOES NOT HOLD ITSELF RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE QUOTATIONS.

EXCHANGE.

Selling.	T/T Bombay.	On Haiphong	3 1/2% prem.
T/T Demand	T/T Calcutta	On Saigon	3
30 d/s	T/T Cebu	On Bangkok	7 1/2
60 d/s	T/T Manila	Buying.	
1/11 7/16	T/T San Francisco	4 m/s. L/C	2 1/16
1/11 5/8	T/T New York	4 m/s. D/P	2 1/16
1/11 5/8	T/T London	6 m/s. L/C	2 1/16
Private 30 d/s	T/T Java	30 d/s. Sney & M.	2 1/16
T/T Singapore	T/T Hongkong	30 d/s. San Francisco	2 1/16
T/T Japan	T/T Shanghai	4 m/s. Marks	Non.
T/T India	T/T Canton	4 m/s. France	2.81
Demand India	T/T Hankow	6 m/s. France	2.86

BANKS

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE:
60, Wall Street, New York.
LONDON OFFICE:
36, Bishopsgate, E.C.

BRANCHES—

BOMBAY. CALCUTTA. CANTON. CEBU. COLON. HANKOW. HONGKONG. KOBE. LONDON. MANILA. PANAMA. PEKING. SAN FRANCISCO. SHANGHAI. SINGAPORE. YOKOHAMA.

CAPITAL PAID-UP \$3,250,000
RESERVE FUNDS \$2,100,000

(U.S. Gold) \$7,460,000
All kinds of FOREIGN & LOCAL BANKING BUSINESS transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.

N. S. MARSHALL
Manager.
Hongkong, 1st July 1915

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

Authorized Capital Yen 43,000,000
Paid-up Capital " 30,000,000
Reserve Fund " 20,000,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.

Branches: Amoy, Canton, Hankow, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Tientsin, Yokohama.
Agencies at: Nagasaki, Shanghai, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Interest Allowed on Current Accounts.
Deposits received for fixed periods; rates to be obtained on application.

EISEI ONO, Manager.
Hongkong, 21st October, 1915.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.
Paid-up Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors £1,200,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.

Wm
Hongkong.

BANKS

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid-up Capital \$15,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS:

Starting \$1,500,000 at 2 1/2%
— \$15,000,000
Silver \$18,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors \$15,000,000
COURT OF DIRECTORS:

Hon. Mr. D. Landsale—Chairman.
W. L. Patterson, Esq.—Deputy Chairman.

S. H. Dodwell, Esq.
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.
G. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
Hon. Mr. E. Shallice.

CHIEF MANAGER
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb, Esq.
MANAGER

Shanghai—A. G. Stephen, Esq.
London Bankers—London County and Westminster Limited.

Hongkong—Interest Allowed.
On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.
For 3 months. 2 1/2 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months. 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months. 4 per cent. per annum.

N. J. STABB.
Chief Manager.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the minimum monthly balances at 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option, balances of \$100 or more to the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 per cent. per annum.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation,
N. J. STABB,
Chief Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Head Office 15 Gracechurch Street, London.

WAR TELEGRAMS

(Continued from page 1.)

THE BLOCKADE.

REPLY TO ALLEGATIONS OF INEFFECTIVENESS.

January 25, 11.50 p.m.
The Press Bureau has issued a detailed statement refuting the allegations that the ineffectiveness of the British blockade allows enormous quantities of goods to reach Germany through neutrals. It gives figures showing that statistics of the leakage are greatly inflated, and points out that in many cases the increase of imports of neutrals is due to the fact that their supplies were normally drawn from Germany. It instances the excess of rice imports to Denmark, amounting to three thousand tons, and says even if the whole of that excess was exported to Germany, it represented barely one per cent. yearly. A considerable quantity of the tea imported by Denmark had probably gone to Russia, since Copenhagen had largely succeeded in Hamburg as an entrepot of trade. Large quantities of cotton were imported by neutrals in the early months of the war, but imports had been restricted to normal quantities since April. It mentions the interesting fact that in order to obviate inconvenience and delay in removing cargoes of neutral ships, large quantities of contraband had been allowed to proceed to destination on condition that it was returned to England or detained during the war. The statement points out that neutrals should be allowed to import quantities normally imported with perhaps a small addition to allow for the neutral growth of trade.

"VISCOUNT FRENCH OF YPRES."

January 25, 11.50 p.m.
Field Marshal French has been gazetted "Viscount French of Ypres."

THE KAISER.

"A TIRED, BROKEN MAN."

January 26, 5.55 a.m.
A Daily Mail correspondent arrived at Nish on January 18 from Constantinople and saw the meeting of King Ferdinand and the Kaiser. The correspondent afterwards attended the banquet. He says the Kaiser has changed remarkably since he saw him eight years ago. His hair is now white and his face that of a tired, broken man. He was perpetually using his handkerchief to relieve constant coughing, even at the banquet, where he ate practically nothing.

BELGIUM AND GERMANY.

BASELESS PEACE RUMOURS.

January 26, 5.55 a.m.
The Belgian Government declares that the evil-minded rumours regarding the conclusion of a separate peace between Belgium and Germany are baseless.

THE LUSITANIA.

NO DISAVOWAL YET.

January 26, 5.55 a.m.
A telegram from Washington says that Count Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, has conferred with the Secretary of State, Mr. Lansing, on the subject of the Lusitania. It is understood that further concessions were made, but that there has been no disavowal of the crime.

BRITAIN AND AMERICA.

THE ENEMY TRADING ACT.

January 26, 11.25 a.m.
Renter's correspondent at Washington says that the American Note to Great Britain regarding the Trading with the Enemy Act provides that it is impossible to damage German commerce without affecting the interests of the United States. The American Government considers that the products of the subjects of a belligerent state trading in a neutral state must be considered as neutral. The Note further says that compensation will be requested for injury to American trade due to the Act.

January 26, 12.35 p.m.
Renter's correspondent at Washington says that the American Government has objected to the application of Great Britain's Trading with the Enemy Act as affecting American trade.

THE BLOCKADE QUESTION.

January 26, 12.35 p.m.
The New York Tribune learns from an official in President Wilson's confidence that the President's attitude on the British blockade is one of postponement, though he will continue to protest sharply, but does not expect to do so. He has resolved to yield to Germany, but wishes to embroil the United States and Great Britain. He intends to settle with Great Britain after the war.

FOUND IN NEUTRAL SHIPS.

January 26, 12.35 p.m.
A party of neutral journalists has been permitted to examine German goods found in the mails of neutral ships. The goods consisted of a mass of articles of all kinds that were sent under false descriptions in an attempt to carry on foreign trade. There were also enormous quantities of propaganda literature in all languages. Some books were falsely described as printed in London and some in Paris.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT PRICES.

January 26, 12.35 p.m.
Renter's correspondent telegraphs that in Melbourne a cargo of five thousand tons of wheat has been sold for seven shillings and sixpence a quarter. This is a record.

POST OFFICE.

On and after the 1st February 1916, a mail will be closed at Shengwan Branch Post Office daily at 7.30 a.m. for Mexico excepting Sundays, when the Mail will be closed at 8.30 a.m.

The public is informed that in posting parcels to or receiving parcels from any country other than the United Kingdom or any British Possession, a permit to export or import is required. The necessary forms (which must be made out in duplicate) may be obtained at Post Office. In the case of imported parcels full particulars must be given as to the actual origin of the goods contained, supported if necessary by the certificate of a British consul at the port from which they are received.

Correspondence addressed to enemy subjects in China, Siam, Persia and Mexico cannot be transmitted.

The Services to Germany, Austria, and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

Ships in communication with Cape D'Agular Radio Telegraph Station—

Kashmir Promethia
Tianjin Chiyi Maru
Andre Lebon Portbos
City of Colombo Manila

MAILS DUE.

Shanghai, Yinchow, 23rd Jan.
Shanghai, Lian, 23rd Jan.
Shanghai, Formosa, 23rd Jan.

MAILS CLOSE TO-DAY.

Shanghai & N. China—Per CHIUEN, 27th Jan. 5 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Hobbs & Harbours—Per LOKSANG, 28th Jan. 3 a.m.
Amoy—Per PHREANANG, 28th Jan. 3 a.m.
Swatow & Bangkok—Per DUFAR, 28th Jan. 3 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy & Poochow—Per HAI-HONG, 28th Jan. 1 p.m.

Uingliat Mail.
Straits, Barmah, Ceylon, Adelaide, Western Australia, India, Aden, Egypt, and Europe. The parcel mail will be closed on Thursday, 27th Jan. at 5 p.m.—Per KASHMIR, 23rd Jan. 2 p.m.

SATURDAY, 29th Jan.

Australia—Per T.M.V. Australia, Tasmania, New Zealand, via Port Darwin and New Guinea via Thursday Island—Per EASTERN, 29th Jan. 11 a.m.

Philippines—Per LOONGSANG, 29th Jan. 2 p.m.

Straits, India via Calcutta—Per ONSANG, 29th Jan. 2 p.m.

Haiphong, Saigon, Straits, Barmah, Ceylon, Adelaide, Western Australia, India, Aden, Egypt & Europe—Per PORTBOS, 29th Jan. 4 p.m.

Shanghai & North China (Europe via Siberia)—Per LUCHOW, 29th Jan. 5 p.m.

[Shanghai, Br. P.O. Wednesday 2nd Feb.]
Shanghai & N. China—Per HOPFANG, 29th Jan. 5 p.m.

SUNDAY, 30th Jan.

Swatow, Amoy & Poochow via Tamsui—Per KANO M, 30th Jan. 9 a.m.

MONDAY, 31st Jan.

Shanghai, North China, Japan via Moji, Victoria, Tacoma & United Kingdom via Canada—Per MEXICO M, 31st Jan. 1 p.m.

Shanghai & N. China—Per KWONG SANG, 31st Jan. 5 p.m.

TUESDAY, 1st Feb.

Haiphong—Per SUNGKIANG, 1st Feb. 9 a.m.

Shanghai & N. China—Per YINGCHOW, 1st Feb. 3 p.m.

Philippines—Per CHINCHUA, 1st Feb. 3 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, 2nd Feb.

Swatow, Amoy & Poochow via Anying & Takao—Per SOSHU MARU, 2nd Jan. 7 a.m.

Shanghai, North China and Japan via Moji, Canada via Victoria B.C., North & South America, via Seattle & United Kingdom via Canada—Per SHIDZUOKA M, 2nd Feb. 10 a.m.

Shanghai & N. China, Japan via Nagasaki, Victoria, Vancouver, United Kingdom via Canada, Europe (via Siberia)—Per E.P. OF JAPAN, 2nd Feb. 10.30 a.m.

[Shanghai Br. P.O. Saturday, 3rd Feb.]

Swatow, Amoy & Poochow via Anying & Takao—Per SOSHU MARU, 2nd Jan. 7 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy & Poochow via Anying & Takao—Per SOSHU MARU, 2nd Jan. 7 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy & Poochow via Anying & Takao—Per SOSHU MARU, 2nd Jan. 7 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy & Poochow via Anying & Takao—Per SOSHU MARU, 2nd Jan. 7 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy & Poochow via Anying & Takao—Per SOSHU MARU, 2nd Jan. 7 a.m.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED.

Japan, Swedish s.s. 3.363, C.A. Paulsen, 25th Jan.—Singapore, 19th Jan. Gen.—The Swedish Trading Co.

Takao Maru, Jan. s.s. 2.995, Gillies, 25th Jan.—Nagasaki, 21st Jan. Gen.—M.B.R.

Anna, Nov. s.s. 1.017, A. Amey, 27th Jan.—Bangkok, 19th Jan. Gen.—Wang Lee

Eastern, Br. s.s. 4.006, F. Carter, 26th Jan.—Mol, 22nd Jan. Gen.—G. I. & Co.

Lechow, Br. s.s. 1.221, J. Gibbs, 26th Jan.—Shanghai, 19th Jan. Gen.—S. & S.

Laisang, Br. s.s. 2.226, F. Mooney, 27th Jan.—Singapore, 20th Jan. Gen.—J. M. & Co.

DEPARTED.

Jan 26.

Tsuan Maru for Bombay via Singapore
Chou Maru for Bangkok
Volcano for Canton
Kanchow for Singapore via Swatow
Andre Lebon for Y. China via Shanghai
Egan for Bangkok
Lauras for Saigon
Hainan for Swatow
H. Chow for Canton
Hopson for Canton
Devawongse for Saigon
Nevia for Saigon

CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.

Jan 26.

Holito Maru for Moji
Chingchow for Port Paraveral
Bantai Maru for Takao
Takao Maru for Canton
Haitan for Tientsin via Huihow
Chean Maru for Quinhon

Jan 27.

Sawa Maru for London via Singapore
Shongwa for Kwang-chow-wan
Kwangchow for Canton
Jibin Maru for Chin-wang-tao
Lousang for Haiphong via Huihow
Kwanan for Port Comber
Chiyen for Shanghai

WATER RETURN.

Level and Storage of water in Reservoirs on the 1st Jan., 1916

CITY AND HILL DISTRICT WATER WORKS LEVEL.

Station	Hour	Barometer	Temperature	Humidity	Wind	Weather
Wootock	6a	29.67	74	74	W 4	5
Namuro	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Hakodate	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Tokio	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Kochi	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Nagasaki	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Kagima	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Oshima	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Naha	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Ishijima	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Bonin Is.	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Choshi	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Wharfed	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Hankow	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Ichang	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Kiating	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Changsha	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Shanghai	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Grutziat	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Sharp P.	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Amoy	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Swatow	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Taipei	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Tientsin	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Kobe	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Yokohama	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Osaka	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Kobe	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Yokohama	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Osaka	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
Kobe	5a	29.91	74	74	W 4	5
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Osaka						